

Sticky Knowledge

- ✓ The blue whale can make the loudest sound of any living animal.
- ✓ Horses and cows can sleep standing up!
- ✓ Giant Arctic jellyfish have tentacles that can be over 36 metres long.
- ✓ Tigers are the largest species of cat, reaching lengths of 3 metres and weighing up to 300kg.
- ✓ Dogs live for an average of 10 to 14 years depending on the breed. There are over 400 million dogs in the world.
- ✓ Dolphins communicate using clicks and whistling. This is called echolocation.
- ✓ Camels use fatty tissues in their humps to store water, allowing them to last for up to six months without a drink.
- ✓ The fastest land animal is the cheetah, which can reach top speeds of 113 km per hour.

Important facts to know by the end of the Animals topic:

- There are different kinds of animals, including birds, amphibians, reptiles and mammals.
- Birds have beaks, wings and feathers.
- Mammals have hair/fur and four limbs.
- Reptiles lay eggs and have dry, scaly skin.
- All animals eat. Some eat meat (carnivores), some eat plants (herbivores) and some eat both (omnivores).



Frog



Robin
(Bird)



Rabbit
(Mammal)



Snake
(Reptile)

Big Idea

Animals are a type of life which are found almost everywhere in the world. There are many different types, coming in many shapes and sizes. Some are domesticated and are farmed or even kept as pets.

Our five senses:



TASTE



SIGHT



TOUCH

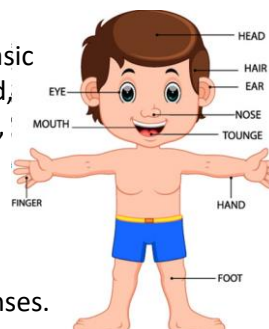


SMELL



HEARING

- The human body has basic parts including the head, arms, hands, body, legs, feet.
- People sense the environment using a mixture of their five senses.



Vocabulary

Mammal: Warm-blooded creatures which have fur, breathe air and give birth to live young (no eggs).

Fish: A scaly skinned creature with a spine (back bone) which swims under water and breathes using gills.

Reptile: Cold-blooded animals which mostly lay eggs and have hard, dry scales covering their body. Most live on land, but some, such as the turtle, live in water. All reptiles breathe air.

Bird: Feathered animals which have warm-blooded and lay eggs. Most, but not all, species of birds can fly.

Amphibian: These creatures begin life in water as eggs, have a tadpole-like stage before spending most of their adult life on both land and in water. They have both lungs and gills. Example: Frog

Herbivore: Animals which only eat plants.

Carnivore: Animals which hunt and eat other animals (meat).

Omnivore: An animal which eats both meat and plants.

Nocturnal: Animals which spend most of their lives awake during the night and sleeping during the day.

Human: Another word for people! Humans belong to the group of animals called mammals.

Pet: An animal which lives with people in their homes.

Senses: We use our senses to discover what is around us. There are five senses – sight, hear, smell, taste and touch.



Amphibian



Bird



Mammal



Reptile

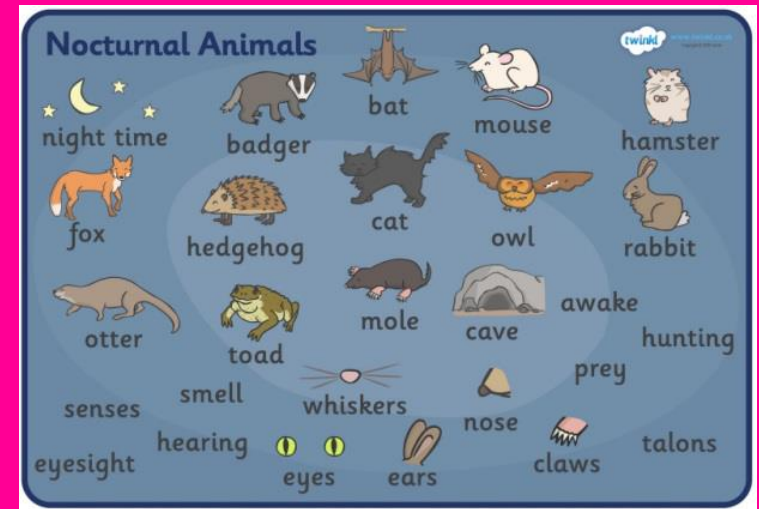


Fish



Nocturnal

(Awake during the night)



Pet



Human



Herbivores
(Plant eaters)



Carnivores
(Meat eaters)



Omnivores

(Eat anything)



Senses

