



The national curriculum for physical education aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities
- are physically active for sustained periods of time
- engage in competitive sports and activities
- lead healthy, active lives



The PE curriculum at Masefield is designed to allow children to experience a wide range of activities which help them develop their health, fitness and mental wellbeing. We strive to offer a high-quality physical education curriculum which helps children succeed in competitive sport and other physically demanding activities.

At Masefield, PE is taught as a discrete subject in order that the development of knowledge and skills is taught meaningfully and explicitly. Naturally, links are made to other areas of the curriculum but this does not dilute the quality and entitlement of high quality PE teaching.

The school's long term plan for PE sets out the content of teaching within in each year group. This is supported by the school's PE progression document which demonstrates learning outcomes within each strand of development within a PE unit. Short term planning details how this content is developed over a series of lessons within the unit of work. The organisation of the PE curriculum provides structured opportunities for pupils to:

- develop the health, well-being, fitness and coordination of children;
- encourage teamwork, unity and collaboration with class members and peers, (school learning dispositions)
- develop a positive attitude to physical activity, physical education and a healthy lifestyle;
- develop the interpersonal qualities of tolerance, patience, discipline, taking turns and perseverance;
- foster community links within local High schools, Sporting Associations and local primary schools
- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities
- be physically active for sustained periods of time
- engage in competitive sports and activities
- lead healthy, active lives



### **Curriculum Strategy**

Developing competence to participate and progress

# **3 Pillars of Progression**

Motor Competence and Fundamental Movement (FMS)

Rules, Strategies and Tactics

**Healthy Participation** 



# Types of knowledge learnt

### **Declaritive knowledge (Know it)**

Factual knowledge concerning movement, rules, tactics, strategies, health and participation. Best practiced through spoken or written observations of a practical demonstration.

### **Procedural Knowledge (Show it)**

Knowing how to apply declarative facts. Best practiced through demonstration or participation.

### **Head, Heart and Hands**



Applying the Hands, Head and Heart categories across the curriculum to incorporate the 3 Pillars and Types of knowledge.



# **Jands**

- Procedural Knowledge
- Acquiring, developing and performing physical skill
- Motor competance
- Locomotor skills
- Stability skills
- Manipulation skills



# Head

- Declaritive Knowledge
- Understanding and awarness of skills
- Recognising and applying rules and tactics
- Self / Peer reflection and assessment
- Changing performance to become more successful
- Written and verbalised understanding

# Heart

- Understanding the benifits to sport and activity
- Health and Wellbeing
- PSHCE objectives
- Team work and Cooperation
- Leadership

### **Overview of PE Content**

Gymnastics	Dance	Attack, Defend,	Send and Return	Hit, Catch, Run	Athletics	Swimming	OAA
		Shoot					
EYFS – 4	EYFS – 4	EYFS – 0	EYFS – 0	EYFS – 0	EYFS – 3	EYFS – 0	EYFS – 1
KS1 – 4	KS1 – 4	KS1 – 4	KS1 – 4	KS1 – 4	KS1 – 2	KS1 – 0	KS1 – 2
LKS2 – 2	LKS2 – 2	LKS2 – 6	LKS2 – 4	LKS2 – 4	LKS2 – 2	LKS2 – 0	LKS2 – 4
UKS2 - 2	UKS2 - 2	UKS2 - 6	UKS2 - 4	UKS2 - 2	UKS2 - 2	UKS2 - 2	UKS2 - 4

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Spa	ace	Bala	ance	Tra	vel
Nursery	Taught and practiced through continuous provision - Rules and Boundaries - Avoiding obstacles - Co-ordinating space through play		Taught and practiced through continuous provision - Co-ordinating balance - Climbing safely - Developing balance with control		Taught and practiced through continuous provision - Travelling in different ways - Transitional travel - Developing physical sequences	
Reception	Fitness	Throwing and Catching	Ball Skills	Dance	Movement Development	Fun and Games
	PE Planning – Foundation - Fitness	PE Planning – Foundation – Throwing and Catching	PE Planning – Foundation – Balls Skills	PE Planning – Foundation - Dance	PE Planning – Foundation – Movement Development	PE Planning – Foundation – Fun and Games
	Fitness	<b>Dodgeball</b> Send and Return	Gymnastics	Dance	<b>Rounders</b> Hit, Catch Run	Athletics
Year 1	PE Planning – Year 1 - Fitness	PE Planning – Year 1 - Dodgeball	PE Planning – Year 1 - Gymnastics	PE Planning – Year 1 - Dance	PE Planning – Year 1 - Rounders	PE Planning
real 1	<b>Football</b> Attack, Defend, Shoot	<b>Dodgeball</b> Send and Return	Gymnastics	Dance	<b>Rounders</b> Hit, Catch Run	OAA
	PE Planning – Year 1 - Fitness	PE Planning – Year 1 - Dodgeball	PE Planning – Year 1 - Gymnastics	PE Planning – Year 1 - Dance	PE Planning – Year 1 - Rounders	Forest School
	<b>Football</b> Attack, Defend, Shoot	<b>Dodgeball</b> Send and Return	Gymnastics	Dance	<b>Rounders</b> Hit, Catch Run	Athletics
Year 2	PE Planning – Year 2 - Football	PE Planning – Year 2 - Dodgeball	PE Planning – Year 2 - Gymnastics	PE Planning – Year 2 - Dance	PE Planning – Year 2 - Rounders	PE Planning – Year 2 - Athletics
real 2	Fitness	<b>Dodgeball</b> Send and Return	Gymnastics	Dance	<b>Rounders</b> Hit, Catch Run	OAA
	PE Planning – Year 2 - Fitness	PE Planning – Year 2 - Dodgeball	PE Planning – Year 2 - Gymnastics	PE Planning – Year 2 - Dance	PE Planning – Year 2 - Rounders	Forest School
Year 3	<b>Tennis</b> Send and Return	<b>Dodgeball</b> Send and Return	Gymnastics	<b>Netball</b> Attack, Defend, Shoot	Rounders Hit, Catch Run	Athletics

	PE Planning – Year 3 - Tennis	PE Planning – Year 3 - Dodgeball	PE Planning – Year 3 - Gymnastics	PE Planning – Year 3 - Netball	PE Planning – Year 3 - Rounders	PE Planning - SEFFE STATE Athletics OUCCES
	Orienteering OAA	OAA	<b>Hockey</b> Attack, Defend, Shoot	<b>Football</b> Attack, Defend, Shoot	<b>Cricket</b> Hit, Catch Run	<b>Dance</b> Theme Linked
	Cross Curricular Orienteering Course	Forest School	PE Planning – Year 3 - Hockey	PE Planning – Year 3 - Football	PE Planning – Year 3 - Cricket	PE Planning – Year 3 - Dance
	<b>Tennis</b> Send and Return	<b>Dodgeball</b> Send and Return	Gymnastics	<b>Netball</b> Attack, Defend, Shoot	<b>Rounders</b> Hit, Catch Run	Athletics
Year 4	PE Planning – Year 4 - Tennis	PE Planning – Year 4 - Dodgeball	PE Planning – Year 4 - Gymnastics	PE Planning – Year 4 - Netball	PE Planning – Year 4 - Rounders	PE Planning – Year 4 - Athletics
rear 4	OAA	Hockey	Football	Orienteering	Cricket	Dance
	OAA	Attack, Defend, Shoot	Attack, Defend, Shoot	OAA	Hit, Catch Run	Theme Linked
	Forest School	PE Planning – Year 4 - Hockey	PE Planning – Year 4 - Football	Cross Curricular Orienteering Course	PE Planning – Year 4 - Cricket	PE Planning – Year 4 - Dance
	<b>Tennis</b> Send and Return	<b>Dodgeball</b> Send and Return	Gymnastics	<b>Netball</b> Attack, Defend, Shoot	<b>Rounders</b> Hit, Catch Run	Athletics
Year 5	PE Planning – Year 5 - Tennis	PE Planning – Year 5 - Dodgeball	PE Planning – Year 5 - Gymnastics	PE Planning – Year 5 - Netball	PE Planning – Year 5 - Rounders	PE Planning – Year 5 - Athletics
rear 3	Hockey Attack, Defend, Shoot	<b>Football</b> Attack, Defend, Shoot	<b>Orienteering</b> OAA	OAA	Swimming	<b>Dance</b> Theme Linked
	PE Planning – Year 5 - Hockey	PE Planning – Year 5 - Football	Cross Curricular Orienteering Course	Forest School	Greater Manchester Sports (Pool in School)	PE Planning – Year 5 - Dance
	<b>Tennis</b> Send and Return	<b>Dodgeball</b> Send and Return	Gymnastics	<b>Netball</b> Attack, Defend, Shoot	<b>Rounders</b> Hit, Catch Run	Athletics
Year 6	PE Planning – Year 6 - Tennis	PE Planning – Year 6 - Dodgeball	PE Planning – Year 6 - Gymnastics	PE Planning – Year 6 - Netball	PE Planning – Year 6 - Rounders	PE Planning – Year 6 - Athletics
i cai u	<b>Football</b> Attack, Defend, Shoot	<b>Orienteering</b> OAA	OAA	<b>Hockey</b> Attack, Defend, Shoot	Swimming	<b>Dance</b> Theme Linked
	PE Planning – Year 6 - Football	Cross Curricular Orienteering Course	Forest School	PE Planning – Year 6 - Hockey	Greater Manchester Sports (Pool in School)	PE Planning – Year 6 - Dance



# <u>Curriculum – Knowledge Progression Overview and Skills</u>

# **EYFS**

			<b>L</b> I	<b>F3</b>			
			Progressio	n Overview			
Ball Skills	Dance	Fun and Games	Fitness	Me and Myself	Throwing and Catching	Movement Development	Working with others
<ul> <li>Understanding of safety and consideration of risk when using equipment</li> <li>Play in a group and collaborate play ideas with others.</li> <li>Take turns to share and begin to understand needs and support of others.</li> <li>Increase control when moving a large ball.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recognise that actions can be reproduced in time to music; beat patterns and different speeds.</li> <li>Perform a wide variety of dance actions both similar and contrasting.</li> <li>Copy, repeat, and perform simple movement patterns.</li> <li>Count and move to beats of 8.</li> <li>Copy and repeat movement patterns.</li> <li>Work as an individual, in partners, and as a group.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Run with coordination and skill.</li> <li>Adjust speed and direction to negotiate obstacles.</li> <li>Take turns to share and begin to understand needs and support of others.</li> <li>Show understanding of counting and moving at the same time.</li> <li>Play with enjoyment and freedom within defined rules.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Improve agility, balance, coordination, strength and over all physical fitness.</li> <li>Teamwork.</li> <li>Develop jumping.</li> <li>Basic problem solving whilst playing.</li> <li>Balance as part of a team and individual.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ability to get changed.</li> <li>Play with enjoyment and freedom within defined rules.</li> <li>Converse with others.</li> <li>Run with coordination and skill.</li> <li>Adjust speed and direction to negotiate obstacles.</li> <li>Link sounds, letters and movements.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Control when catching.</li> <li>Increased control when moving an object through pushing, throwing and rolling.</li> <li>Move with confidence and skill.</li> <li>Follow and respond to simple instructions and rules.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Travel with increased confidence.</li> <li>Move with safety and awareness.</li> <li>Move with skill and enjoyment.</li> <li>Adjust speed and direction to negotiate obstacles.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Play as a group or team.</li> <li>Take turns to share and begin to understand needs and support of others.</li> <li>Play whilst responding to others' instructions.</li> <li>Adjust speed and direction to negotiate obstacles.</li> </ul>
			Skills	Covered			
Kicking. Throwing. Aiming. Catching. Bouncing. Working in pairs to score points. Moving a ball around the body. Using body parts on a ball. Traveling with a ball. Basic dribbling with hands and feet. Stopping and controlling a ball. Throwing a ball to others or targets. Underarm throwing. 2 handed catches. Inside of the foot kicking. Simple dribbling.	Link colours to feelings. Explore animal movements and levels. Replicate actions in larger groups. Sequence work. Explore leader or follower work. Learning and repeating actions through circle dance. Perform to the count of 8. Copy and repeat actions. Perform a themed dance motif.	Balance obstacle course. Work with others to move through hoops. Reach, stretch, retrieve objects. Steps, strides, bounce, hop. Coordinate and control limbs. Run and jump in time to music. Agility, balance, coordination. Perform basic actions with others. Combine basic skills to play games.	Link colours and numbers in games. Fast feet. Running on toes. Quick reactions. 2 feet jumping. Running and jumping. Finding and moving into space. Controlled movements such as crawling. Jumping. Skipping running and walking. Moving like animals. Moving to music. Balancing using body parts. Agility, balance and coordination.	Getting changed into full kits. Organizing own belongings. Getting back into uniforms. Quickness. Throwing and catching with others. Using communication to throw and catch. 2 hand catching. Throwing and kicking to a target. Finding and moving into space. Running on toes. Simple changes of direction.	Moving into space. Quick moving. Hand eye coordination. Small and large ball work. Throwing. Catching. Rolling. Stopping. Bouncing. Continuous bouncing. Using the body to control a ball. Listening and instruction games. Passing with partners. Aiming	Agility in variety of games. Recognise and follow instructions. Experiment with starting and stopping positions. Perform fast and slow movements. Show control to stop and perform actions. Play games, take turns. Move by inching, crawling & jumping. Jump for speed and distance.	Throwing. Catching. Passing. Moving as teams. Kicking, Rolling. Dribbling. Working together and cooperating. Speaking to others and sharing. Simple problem solving. Counting and recognising words and numbers in team games. Agility, balance and coordination with a variety of equipment such as quoits, hoops, balls and beanbags.



	Key Vocabulary						
Collect. Bounce.	Teamwork. Music.	Look. Listen. Talk.	Jumping. Balance.	Uniform. Pants.	Throw. Catch.	Control. Flow.	Throw. Catch.
Games. Count. Pass.	Movement. Count.	Hear. Tidy. Together.	Weave. Healthy.	Jumper. Shirt. Shoes.	Watch. Aim. Target.	Coordination. Slow.	Watch. Aim. Ready.
High. Low. Hands.	Together. Counting.	Count. Direction.	Speed. Fast. Slow.	Kit. Trainers. Pumps.	Ready. Roll. Bounce.	Fats. Low. High.	Target. Help. Share.
Feet. Safe. Height.	Create. Ideas.	Play. Win.	Dodge. Zig zag. Land.	Shorts. Bag. Table.	Count. Help. Team.	Aware. See. Move.	Count. Wait. Talk.
Send. Roll. Kick.	Dance. Impression.		Safe. Space. Strong.	Listen. Organize.	Partner. Hands.	Space. Crate. Run.	Listen.
Catch. Throw.	Mirror. Character.		Exercise. Quick.	Speed. On. Off.	Eyes. Watch.	Jog. Walk. Speed.	

### Links to Early Learing Goals

Personal, Social and Emotional Development – Show resilience and perseverance. Think about the perspective of others. Know and talk about the aspects that affect their overall health, such as regular exercise and healthy eating. Physical Development – Revise and refine fundamental movement skills such as rolling and jumping. Develop overall agility, balance, coordination a strength. Develop small motor skills. Use their core muscle strength. Combine different movements with ease and fluency. Confidently and safely use small and large apparatus. Develop ball skills such as throwing for accuracy. Communication and Language – Listen attentively and respond, participate in discussions, express ideas, and feelings.

Understanding the World – Draw information from a simple map. Describe what they see, hear and feel outside. Expressive Arts and Design – Perform and try to move in time with music, move and talk about music. Watch and talk about dance. Develop storylines.





# Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Year 4 Year 5 Year 6

### **Hands**

- Use basic skills and movements including running, jumping, throwing, and catching.
- Apply basic skills and movements in competitive and cooperative activities.
- Refine body control using agility, balance, and coordination.

### <u>Head</u>

- Apply simple strategies and tactics for attacking and defending.
- Recognise simple rules and use them in competitive and cooperative games.

#### Heart

- Follow simple rules and cooperate well with others.
- Explain why we enjoy exercise.

### Hands

- Refine basic skills showing increased consistency.
- Send and receive with both hands and feet.
- Refine different ways to control bodies and a range of equipment.
- Link combinations of skills (e.g. dribbling and passing).
   Head
- Recognise and recall combinations of skills.
- Select and apply a range of simple tactics.
- Recognise good skill in others with basic reasoning (e.g. who is the best and why? Fast. Good catching...)

### Heart

- Use teamwork to complete objectives and games.
- Communicate to build attacking and defensive play.

#### <u>Hands</u>

- Show basic invasion games skills in isolation that stem from running, jumping, throwing and catching. (e.g. bounce pass, chest pass).
- Build attacking play.
- Use space effectively.
- Show basic skills to maintain possession.
- Show basic control and accuracy when sending and receiving.
- Show refined motor skill to use implements and equipment (e.g. hockey sticks).

### <u>Head</u>

- Follow basic rules of modified games.
- Use tactics to build attacking play.
- Self-assess. Understand basic strengths and areas for improvement of own performance.

#### Heart

- Link skills to perform as a team.
- Reflect on own performance in simple terms.

### **Hands**

- Show increased confidence and consistency in invasion games skills such as dribbling, throwing and shooting in controlled environment. (e.g. drills involving opposing pressure to block/2v1. Not full gameplay)
- Link these basic skills more fluidly.
- Show a wider range of Handling skills.
- Show passing and moving when attacking.
- Use skills such as marking to defend.
- Pass over longer distances.
- Demonstrate increased speed and agility when needed during gameplay.

### Head

- Show an understanding of specific invasion rules (e.g. footwork).
- Use a small range of tactics in a competitive situation.
- Self-assess. Evaluate strengths and areas for improvement, and how to correct them.

### **Heart**

 Demonstrate a moderate level of endurance and fitness.

### Hands

- Select and apply the appropriate skills in game situations.
- Combine more specific skills with confidence. (e.g. turning and dribbling while keeping possession)
- Show increased ability to perform skills at speed.
- Show Increased power and accuracy when sending and receiving the ball in a variety of situations.
- Show strength, agility and coordination when defending.
   Head
- Select and apply a range of tactics and techniques and apply with consistency.
- To play effectively in a variety of positions and formations on the pitch.
- Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement).

### <u>Heart</u>

- Show effective teamwork when attacking and defending through communication.
- Take individual responsibility for your role in a team.

### <u>Hands</u>

- Deliberately apply aspects of fitness to the game such as power, strength, agility and coordination.
- Perform more technical aspects of the game.
- Combine and perform more complex skills at speed in games.
- Perform more specific skills with high consistency and success in competitive situations. (e.g. turning and dribbling while keeping possession)

### Head

- Select and implement a wider range of strategies to play defensively and offensively.
- Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement) and compare similarities and differences between players and teams.
- Use set plays in game situation and explain when and why they are used.

#### Heart

- Suggest, plan and lead simple drills for given skills.
- Organise effectively as a team between defence and attack.



 Work and communicate well as part of a team (e.g. when passing and moving)

# <u>Invasion – Skills Covered</u>

## Year 1

Send to targets. Catch and

intercept. Bounce ball to self.

defend as a pair. Communicate

Defend a target. Attack and

with partner. Compete in a

basic tournament 2v2.

Kick with inside of foot and stop ball with feet. Control a ball. Bounce the ball to send it. Bounce a ball to begin to dribble. Throw/send a variety of equipment. Pass and move.

Intercepting in a game. Play

goalkeeper.

Year 2

### Year 3

General - Dribbling, passing in pairs. Defensive positioning. Building an attack. Finding space to receive the ball. Shot, pass, dribble theory.

Basketball – Jump Ball, 2

handed shot. Defensive body

position.

Football – Using inside and outside of foot, trapping.

Hockey – Using flat side of

**Hockey** – Using flat side of stick. Close control, preparing to tackle.

**Handball** – Catching ready position. Move correctly with the ball. Attacking formations. Effective hand grip.

Lacrosse – Underarm and overarm throw. Groundball collection. Shot, pass and run.

Netball – Chest, shoulder and bounce pass. Role of goal shooter. Dodging to get free. Collecting a loose ball.

Tag Rugby – Ball handling. Running past defenders. Evading taggers and tag protocol.

### Year 4

**General** – Passing over longer distances, use some marking technique and introduce some defending principles.

**Basketball** - Use footwork rules, explore basic marking, crossover dribble, bounce pass, jump shot, triple threat position.

**Football** – Dribbling in different directions, defensive tackling, front of player and goal side marking.

**Hockey** – Push pass, slap pass, straight dribble, stopping and turning with the ball.

Handball – Protecting the ball, basic shooting, 3-man weave, turn on the move, 7m throw.

Lacrosse – Following your pass, maintain unopposed possession, short range shooting, receive and turn.

Netball – Protecting the ball, basic shooting, playing within 3rds, 1to1 marking, pivoting,

Tag Rugby – Picking up and running with ball, correct ball carrying position, keeping possession.

preliminary moves.

### Year 5

**General** – Combine basic skills with confidence such as dribbling and shooting. Select and apply appropriate skills in a game situation.

**Basketball** – Block, forward pivot, forward pass, push pass, boxing out.

**Football** – Turning with the ball, running with ball, keeping possession, step over.

**Hockey** – Block tackle, passing in the D, sweep shot, dragging the ball.

**Handball** – Jump shot, closing angles, pivoting to pass, set plays.

**Netball** – Effective bounce pass in game, use a greater variety of dodging skills, pivot and pass, 2 handed shooting.

Tag Rugby – Tagging opposition, when to run and when to pass into space, deny space to opposition, pop pass, magic diamond formation, 3 step and pass technique.

### Year 6

General – Compare performances. Comprehend and show why player with the ball should keep moving or be ready to pass quickly.

**Basketball** – Fast break, retreat dribble, free throw rules, L-cut, v-cut, Pin down.

Football – Setting up others to shoot, deny space, role of covering defender, penalty shooting, goal keeping, close control knee. chest.

Hockey – Shooting from close range, long corners, goal side marking, self-pass rule, channelling the opposition.

Handball – Screening, organisation around the D, dribbling with precision in game, utilising space.

Netball – Double bounce rule, marking to pass or shoot, organisation around the D, rebounds as attacker and defender, knocking the ball away.

Tag rugby – Set play for attacking, take the distance not the time, spaces not faces.



# <u>Invasion – Key Vocabulary and Curriculum links</u>

KS1	LKS2	UKS2
Vocabulary Shooting. Hoops. Goals. Bounce. Score. Teamwork. Passing. Dribbling. Catch. Soul. Control. Push pass. Stick. Roll. In line. Aim. Accuracy. Tag. Tag belt. Space. Attack. Defend. Try. Dodge. React. Speed. Throw.	Vocabulary Shooting. Hoops. Goals. Bounce. Score. Teamwork. Passing. Dribbling. Catch. Soul. Control. Push pass. Stick. Roll. In line. Aim. Accuracy. Tag. Tag belt. Space. Attack. Defend. Try. Dodge. React. Speed. Chest pass. Net. Possession. Throw. Deflect. Overarm. Turning. Saving. Blocking. Tackle. Pivot. Bounce pass. Shadow. Mark.	Vocabulary Speed. Dodge. Positioning. Catch. Overarm. Underarm throw. Bounce. Side shot. Target. Strike. Roll. Deflect. Dribbling. Passing. Shoot. Chest pass. Space. Possession. Score. Bounce pass. Attack. Defend. Intercept. Block. Dummy. Turn. Save. Tackle. Pivot. Lob. Receive. Support. Shadow. Mark. Rebound.
Curriculum links  Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing, and catching, as well as developing balance, agility, and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities.  Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending.	Curriculum links Use running, jumping, throwing, and catching in isolation and in combination. Play competitive games, modified where appropriate, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending. Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.	Curriculum links Use running, jumping, throwing, and catching in isolation and in combination. Play competitive games, modified where appropriate, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending. Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.



# <u>Athletics – Knowledge Progression Overview</u>

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<u>Hands</u>	<u>Hands</u>	<u>Hands</u>	<u>Hands</u>	<u>Hands</u>	<u>Hands</u>
<ul> <li>Pupils will begin to link</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop power, agility,</li> </ul>	• Control movements and body	<ul> <li>Develop different ways of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop a range of more</li> </ul>	Become confident and
running and jumping.	coordination and balance	actions in response to specific	running, jumping and	complex techniques.	consistent in a range of more
<ul> <li>To learn and refine a range of</li> </ul>	over a variety of activities.	instructions.	throwing for different events	<ul> <li>Sustain pace over short and</li> </ul>	complex techniques and
running which includes	<ul> <li>Can throw and handle a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Demonstrate agility and</li> </ul>	and activities.	longer distances such as	recognise their success.
varying pathways and speeds.	variety of objects including	speed.	<ul> <li>Understand how different</li> </ul>	running 100m and running for	<ul> <li>Apply strength and flexibility</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Develop throwing techniques</li> </ul>	quoits, beanbags, balls,	Jump for height and distance	objects are best thrown.	2 minutes.	to a broad range of throwing,
to send objects over long	hoops.	with control and balance.	<ul> <li>Using a variety of equipment,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Able to run as part of a relay</li> </ul>	running and jumping
distances.	<ul> <li>Can negotiate obstacles</li> </ul>	• Throw with speed and power	ways of measuring and	team working at their	activities.
<ul> <li>Develop agility, balance, and</li> </ul>	showing increased control of	and apply appropriate force.	timing.	maximum speed.	<u>Head</u>
coordination through taking	body and limbs.	<u>Head</u>	<u>Head</u>	<ul> <li>Perform a range of jumps and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Accurately and confidently</li> </ul>
part in activities.	<ul> <li>Improve running and jumping</li> </ul>	• Self-assess. Understand basic	<ul> <li>Investigate in small groups</li> </ul>	throws demonstrating	measure and time keep for
<u>Head</u>	movements, work for	strengths and areas for	different ways of performing	increasing power and	both track and field events.
<ul> <li>Recognise simple rules.</li> </ul>	sustained periods of time.	improvement of own	activities.	accuracy.	• Use peer assessment to help
Begin to identify the needs for	<ul> <li>Improve jumping for distance</li> </ul>	performance.	<ul> <li>Comparing the effectiveness</li> </ul>	<u>Head</u>	others improve (strengths and
different speed and power.	and height.	• Understand the basics of how	of different styles of runs,	<ul> <li>Use peer assessment to help</li> </ul>	areas for improvement) and
<ul> <li>Spot who/what is best and</li> </ul>	<u>Head</u>	events are scored.	jumps and throws.	others improve (strengths and	compare similarities and
why in basic terms.	<ul> <li>Reflect on own performance</li> </ul>	<u>Heart</u>	Self-assess. Evaluate	areas for improvement).	differences between other
<u>Heart</u>	in simple terms.	Work well independently and	strengths and areas for	<u>Heart</u>	children.
<ul> <li>Increase stamina and core</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Peer asses. Spot good</li> </ul>	with others to referee and	improvement, and how to	<ul> <li>Compete as part of a team.</li> </ul>	<u>Heart</u>
strength needed to undertake	performances by others and	judge simple activities.	correct them.		<ul> <li>Work in collaboration and</li> </ul>
athletics activities.	explain in simple terms.		<u>Heart</u>		demonstrate improvement
<ul> <li>Cooperate with others to</li> </ul>	<u>Heart</u>		Work as teams to experiment		when working with self and
carry out more complex tasks.	<ul> <li>Reflect on activities and make</li> </ul>		and problem solve.		others.

connections between a healthy active lifestyle.



# **Athletics – Skills Covered**

#### Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Year 4 Year 5 Year 6 Starting and stopping at speed. Aware of others when running Combination jumps. Aiming at targets. Accelerating Prepare to run an individual Sprint start techniques. over short distances. Taking off Show power in run, use arms. Recognising and performing leg. Develop further the in space. Create more power Developing the phases of triple Take off on two feet. Use different paced runs. from run with one foot to principles of pace. Steeplechase with legs and apply to agility jump to jump for distance. Use leading arm to throw. Compete Approaching hurdles. Pull increase distance. Sling action and jump for distance. Push test. Select best throw for the heave throw technique. in relay teams. Perform agile action when throwing. Skipping when throwing. Perform baton action when throwing. Baton Assess own ability in running conditioned games. Perform movements. Work for technique. Recording scores exchanges. exchange within restricted some static and dynamic tasks. Scissor jump preparation sustained periods of time. accurately. area. Run up for long jump. balances. Explore their for high jump. Quad track and Negotiate obstacles. Jumping emotions around different field competition. and bounding. Run from challenges. Attempt more different starting positions. accuracy in throws. Perform under pressure. Explore breathing techniques.

# <u>Athletics – Key Vocabulary and Curriculum links</u>

KS1	LKS2	UKS2	
<u>Vocabulary</u> Throwing. Running. Jumping. Personal best. Speed. Competition. Races. Distance. Measuring.	Vocabulary Throwing. Running. Jumping. Personal best. Speed. Competition. Races. Distance. Measuring. Timing. Movement. Technique. Coordination.	Vocabulary Pace. Jumping. Throwing. Coordination. Measurements. Timing. Movement. Technique	
<u>Curriculum links</u> Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing, and catching, as well as developing balance, agility, and coordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities.	Curriculum links Use running, jumping, throwing, and catching in isolation and in combination. Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.	Curriculum links Use running, jumping, throwing, and catching in isolation and in combination. Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.	



# **Dance – Knowledge Progression Overview**

# Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Year 4 Year 5 Year 6

### **Hands**

- Respond to a range of stimuli and types of music.
- Explore space, direction, levels and speeds.
- Experiment creating actions and performing movements with different body parts.
- Compose and link actions to make simple movement phases.

### Head

- Able to build simple movement patterns from given actions.
- Respond appropriately to supporting concepts such as canon and levels.
- Spot what/who is best and why in basic terms.

### <u>Heart</u>

 Work well and cooperate in small groups.

### Hands

- Perform basic actions with control and consistency at different speeds and on different levels.
- Perform using more sophisticated formations as well as an individual.
- Use the stimuli to copy, repeat and create dance actions and motifs.
- Explore relationships through different dance formations.
   Head
- Describe and explain how performers can transition and link shapes and balances.
- Explain the importance of emotion and feeling in dance.
- Work as part of a group to create and perform short movement sequences to music.
- Peer asses. Spot good performances by others and explain in simple terms.

### <u>Heart</u>

- Challenge themselves to move imaginatively responding to music.
- Work as part of a group to create and perform.

### **Hands**

- Practise different sections of a dance aiming to put together a performance.
- Perform using facial expressions.
- Perform with a prop.
- Build basic creative choreography skills in travelling, dynamics and partner work through a specific topic/theme (e.g. oceans).
- Delve deeper into opposing dynamics.

### Head

- Building improvisation skills to build a narrative around a theme.
- Self-assess. Understand basic strengths and areas for improvement of own performance.

#### Heart

 Show confidence in performing on own or with a partner.

### Hands

- Work to include freeze frames in routines.
- Practise and perform a variety of different formations in dance.
- Use dynamic quality and formations to communicate character.
- Concentrate on one simple theme throughout and linking all activities to the communication of this to an audience.

### Head

- Develop a dance to perform as a group with a set starting position.
- Develop choreography and devising skills in relation to a theme.
- Self-assess. Evaluate strengths and areas for improvement, and how to correct them.

### <u>Heart</u>

- Show teamwork and leadership when working as a group.
- Take reasonability for own part in a team.

### Hands

- Perform different styles of dance fluently and clearly.
- Refine & improve dances adapting them to include the use of space rhythm & expression.

### Head

- Recognise and comment on dances suggesting ideas for improvement.
- Develop choreography and devising skills in relation to a theme.
- Show confidence in linking all activities to the communication of a theme to an audience.
- Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement).

### <u>Heart</u>

 Worked collaboratively in groups to compose simple dances.

### Hands

- Perform more complex compositional ideas.
- Demonstrating narrative through contact and relationships.
- Showing tension through pattern and formation.
   Head
- Develop motifs and incorporate into selfcomposed dances as individuals, pairs and groups.
- Talk about different styles of dance with understanding, using appropriate language & terminology.
- Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement) and compare similarities and differences between other children.

### Heart

 Work collaboratively to include more complex compositional ideas.



# **Dance – Knowledge Skills Covered**

### Year 1

Exploring storytelling through

dance. Develop actions to

dance. Use a theme to create a

express friendship. Dance with

start middle and end. Perform

with feeling. Perform actions to

nursery rhymes. March in time.

Move and turn as a group.

rounds.

Perform simple canon and in

### Year 2

pathways.

Dance in solo and duet. Explore creative footwork. Discuss how a dance can develop. Respond to visual stimulus. Comment on contrasting actions. Use a specific theme to develop a dance. Perform 'freestyle' moves. Perform a motif to music. Explore movement

### Year 3

Perform a jazz square. Perform 2 contrasting characters.
Communicate ideas as part of a group. Use a prop in a 4-action dance phrase. Discuss examples of professional work. Create our own floor patterns. Create longer dance phrases by linking shorter ones. Introduce start and endings to dances. Perform in solo, duet and group. Apply feedback to improve own performance.

# Year 4

Develop dance freeze frames. Perform a slide and roll. Replicate a set phrase. Work collaboratively to sequence movements. Create a 5-action routine. Use formations to tell a story. Perform without prompts. Use devices to manipulate movements. Perform contact work as a group. Identify strengths in their performance.

# Year 5

Perform locomotor and nonlocomotory movements in a dance phrase. Describe the key features of line dancing. Work collaboratively in a group of 4. Use basic knowledge of line dancing steps to create own line dance. Copy and perform a specific dance action to communicate a theme. Communicate the idea of a hero. Copy and execute a high energy jump sequence. Create a low-level attack sequence.

# Year 6

Explore space in a deeper way in relation to dance. Identify appropriate dynamics and group formations for the Hakka. Perform some basic street dance skills. Compose a street dance performance. Create a phrase of gestures that communicate a theme. Describe the meaning/purpose of several different devices. Show formations that create tension and relationships. Create and perform a live aural setting.

# <u>Dance – Key Vocabulary and Curriculum links</u>

# KS1 LKS2

### **Vocabulary**

Canon. Teamwork. Smart. Neat. Performance. Movement. Express. Phase.

### **Curriculum links**

Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing, and catching, as well as developing balance, agility, and coordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities. Perform dances using simple movements and patterns.

### Vocabulary

Canon. Teamwork. Smart. Neat. Performance. Movement. Express. Phase. Routine. Tutting. Beat of 8. Count. Choreography. Fluency.

### **Curriculum links**

Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control, and balance. Perform dances using a range of movement patterns.

### Vocabulary

Routine. Music. Movement. Co-ordination. Performance. Tutting. Canon. Unison. Fluency. Choreography

### **Curriculum links**

Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control, and balance.
Perform dances using a range of movement patterns.

UKS2



# Net & Wall - Knowledge Progression Overview

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Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
increased confidence using hand or bat.  • Move towards a moving ball to return it.  • Sending and returning a variety of balls/objects such as balloons and beachballs.  • Track, intercept and stop a variety of objects such as balls and beanbags.  • Apply basic skills to beat the opposition.  Head  • Choose basic skills to beat the opposition.  Spot what/who is best and why in basic terms.  Heart	<ul> <li>Hands</li> <li>Be able to track the path of a ball over a net and move towards it.</li> <li>Begin to hit and return a ball using hands and racquets with some consistency.</li> <li>Play modified net/wall games throwing, catching and sending over a net.</li> <li>Improve agility and coordination and use in a game.</li> <li>Head</li> <li>Be able to make it difficult for their opponent to score a point.</li> <li>Begin to choose specific tactics appropriate to the situation.</li> <li>Peer asses. Spot good performances by others and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Hands</li> <li>Begin to develop basic sport specific skills.</li> <li>Serve to begin a game.</li> <li>Explore forehand hitting.</li> <li>Play with some understanding of modified court boundaries.  Head</li> <li>Identify and describe some rules of net/wall games.</li> <li>Show some understanding of the modified court boundaries.</li> <li>Self-assess. Understand basic strengths and areas for improvement of own performance.  Heart</li> <li>Work well as part of a team to complete a game objective.</li> </ul>	Hands  Use different shots with both the forehand and backhand.  Become more confident and consistent in the basic sport specific skills.  Demonstrate different net/wall skills.  Practise some trick shots in isolation.  Develop returning a serve.  Demonstrate different court positions in gameplay.  Head  Understand different court positions.  Start to implement basic volley2s rules.  Self-assess. Evaluate strengths and areas for improvement, and how to correct them.	<ul> <li>Hands</li> <li>Use different types of serves in-game.</li> <li>Demonstrate new shots learnt in games.</li> <li>Play with others to score and defend points in competitive games.</li> <li>Move confidently around the playing area using footwork techniques.</li> <li>Begin to perform Volley shots and Overhead shots.         Head         <ul> <li>Understand more specific Tennis service rules.</li> <li>Develop further ways of playing with others cooperatively and in competition through tactics.</li> <li>Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Hands</li> <li>Develop a wider range of shots.</li> <li>Play with fluency with a partner in both singles and doubles/partner scenarios.</li> <li>Become more proficient at backhand shots.  Head</li> <li>Begin to select and apply more sophisticated tactics such as net play, and offensive and defensive positioning.</li> <li>Begin to use full scoring systems.</li> <li>Continue developing doubles play and tactics to improve.</li> <li>Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement) and compare similarities and</li> </ul>
	explain in simple terms.		<u>Heart</u>	areas for improvement).	differences between other

• Become more confident in playing as part of a team.

children.

Heart

• Show good communication skills during gameplay.

as an individual.

### <u>Heart</u>

• Understand the rules enough to lead or umpire a simple game.

- areas for improvement).
- Understand more specific Tennis service rules.

### Heart

- Understand individual role as part of a team game.
- Develop further ways of playing with others cooperatively and in competition.



## Net & Wall – Skills Covered

### Year 1

ball/beanbag. Explore different

ways of sending a ball. Moving

towards and returning balls.

opposition. Attempt to hit a

ball. Basic rally with slow

moving objects (balloon).

Track balls. Develop core

position.

Feeding the ball over a net.

strength to send objects from a

sitting, kneeling, and standing

Sliding and receiving a

Scoring points against

### Year 2

ball. Play a variety of roles in a

simple game. Throw into space

opponent to return. Play out a

to make it difficult for

point from a serve.

dominant side. Use basic

Identify the dominant and non-**Badminton** – Use hard and soft hits. Hit using direction. Return serving rules in a game. Able to a shuttle. Play using forehand shots, playing to boundaries. self-feed a ball to a partner using a racquet. Develop agility Rally with a partner. Send and in isolated challenges. Develop return over a net. Serve using the ready position to receive a the forehand.

> Tennis – Ready position. Hot to different areas of court. Perform a forehand shot. Move towards the ball to return. Serve with some accuracy to targets.

Year 3

Sitting volleyball – Ready position. Seated movement. Overarm seated serve. Team contacts.

### Year 4

Badminton - Underarm forehand shot. Overhead/clearance shot. Introducing backhand. Practice racquet handling skills with trick shots. Explain different scoring scenarios. Developing singles play.

Tennis - Correct position to return balls. Consistently send forehand to targets. Introduce backhand. Work cooperatively to score points in simple doubles play.

Volleyball - Rainbow pass. 3 contacts. Ready position and smooth movement. Moving to the net.

### Year 5

**Badminton** – Moving opposition around court. Perform forehand long and short serves. Use close control. Develop reaction time. Tennis - Volley shots. Clearing from the back of court. Different positioning for doubles games. Approach the ball and forehand and backhand. Conditioned games to encourage using different shot types.

Badminton - Drop and smash shot. Drop shot and recover. Use quick reactions for confident net play. Offensive court positioning. Defensive formations for doubles. Tennis - Introduce the lob.

Year 6

Communication in doubles play. Two handed backhand shot. Use full rules for modified tennis games. Use doubles tactics and court positioning effectively in competition.

# **Net & Wall – Key Vocabulary and Curriculum links**

### KS1

### Vocabulary

# LKS2

# UKS2

### Vocabulary

Racket. Low. High. Balance. Ball control. Score. Position. Movement. Aim. Accuracy. Roll. Send. Throw. Bounce. Catch. Underarm. Ready position. Feed. Receive. Cooperate. Forehand. Shuttlecock.

### **Curriculum links**

Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing, and catching, as well as developing balance, agility, and coordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities.

Racket. Low. High. Balance. Ball control. Score. Position. Movement. Aim. Accuracy. Roll. Send. Throw. Bounce. Catch. Underarm. Ready position. Feed. Receive. Cooperate. Partner. Power. Swing. Forehand. Backhand. Volley. Shuttlecock.

### **Curriculum links**

Use running, jumping, throwing, and catching in isolation and in combination.

Play competitive games, modified where appropriate, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.

### Shuttlecock. **Curriculum links**

Vocabulary

Use running, jumping, throwing, and catching in isolation and in combination.

Rally. Racket. Court target. Power. Accuracy. Free Space. Control.

Swing. Cooperative play. Aim. Movement. Direction. Cooperative. Strategy, Volley, Forehand, Backhand, Drop. Lob. Bounce.

Play competitive games, modified where appropriate, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.



Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.

Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.

# <u>Striking & Fielding – Knowledge Progression Overview</u>

# Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Year 4

### Year 5 Year 6

### **Hands**

- Able to hit objects with hand or bat.
- Track and retrieve a rolling ball.
- Throw and catch a variety of balls and objects.
- Develop sending and receiving skills to benefit fielding as a team.

### Head

- Distinguish between the roles of batters and fielders.
- Introduce the concept of simple tactics.
- Spot what/who is best and why in basic terms.

### <u>Heart</u>

 Work well as part of a team and how to help your team.

### **Hands**

- Develop hitting skills with a variety of bats.
- Practice feeding/bowling skills.
- Hit and run to score points in games.
- Work on a variety of ways to score runs in the different hit, catch, run games.
- Begin to play the role of wicketkeeper or backstop.

### Head

- Understand how to score point in simple games.
- Understand simple tactics when batting and fielding.
- Peer asses. Spot good performances by others and explain in simple terms.

### Heart

- Attempt to work as a team to field.
- Understand basic individual roles as a member of a team.

### Hands

- Adhere to some of the basic rules of cricket of striking and fielding games.
- Develop a range of skills to use in isolation.
- Apply some skills in competitive context.
- To use basic skills with more consistency including striking a bowled ball.

### Head

- Use simple tactics to complete fielding tasks.
- Self-assess. Understand basic strengths and areas for improvement of own performance.

### **Heart**

 Work cooperatively with others to complete tasks.

### Hands

- Become more proficient in range of striking and fielding skills they and apply in a competitive context.
- Consolidate existing skills and apply with consistency.
- Strike to ball with intent.
- Use decision making to attempt direction when striking.

### Head

- Choose and apply a range of simple tactics in isolation.
- Use simple tactics in a game context.
- Use decision making to attempt direction when striking.
- Self-assess. Evaluate strengths and areas for improvement, and how to correct them.

### Heart

- Become more confident in different roles of a team.
- Cooperate well with teams in game situations.

### **Hands**

- Link together a range of skills and use in combination.
- Develop more sport specific skills in isolation.
- Become more confident and consistent when striking with intent.
- Develop retrieving and returning the ball.

### <u>Head</u>

- Collaborate with a team to choose, use and adapt rules in games.
- Show more confidence when choosing tactics to apply.
- Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement).

#### Heart

 Recognise how some aspects of fitness apply to striking and fielding (e.g., power, flexibility, and cardiovascular endurance).

### Hands

- Attempt a small range of shots when striking in isolation and in competitive scenarios.
- Become proficient in more sport specific skills.
- Link and combine a range of skills with fluidity.
- Retrieve and return a ball with consistency aligned with tactics.

### Head

- Apply rules with consistency in a variety of different styles of games.
- Use a range of tactics for attacking and defending in the role of bowler, batter and fielder.
- Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement) and compare similarities and differences between other children.

#### Heart

 Show leadership and knowledge to umpire small games.



# **Striking & Fielding – Skills Covered**

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Use a range of throwing and rolling skills. Return a ball to a base/zone. Work with others to stop players scoring runs. Selffeed and hit a ball. Run between bases to score points.	Hit with bats (some still hitting with hands). Use kicking to send a ball and score points. Use underarm bowling. Play as part of a team. Run to 'safety'. Outwit bowler and hot to space. Move in line to stop ball.	General – Bowl with some accuracy and consistency. Use the long barrier to collect a rolling ball / collect and return a moving ball.  Cricket – Forward drive into space. Foot placement to hit the ball effectively. Use overarm throw to send ball longer distances. Explore role of wicket keeper.  Rounders – Consistently hot one handed. Use underarm bowling action to bowl a 'good' ball. Selecting best base to	General – Directing hit to score runs. Attempt to stop a bouncing ground ball with some success.  Cricket – Anticipate when to run to score singles. Bowl overarm from a stationary position. Attempt a pull shot in a game. Intercept the ball with one hand.  Rounders – Run at speed to avoid being stumped. Play backstop in small game. Use rounders scoring system.  Explain bowling rules. Full and	General – Throw for accuracy over short distances. Recognise where to play.  Cricket – Calling for runs with partner. Start to keep wicket.  Attempt a bowling with a run up and correct ball grip.  Forward defensive shot.  Developing knowledge of on and off side as well as specific fielding positions.  Rounders – Body position to catch a ball to stump players out. Apply backwards hit rule, attempt to catch a backward	General – Demonstrate urgency when acquiring runs/rounders. Track and catch high balls. Work in pairs to field a long ball.  Cricket – Ring field positions, mid on, mid off, mid wicket and cover. Bowling short. On drive. Attacking fielding roles slip, silly point and short leg.  Rounders – Play using standard rounders pitch layout. Bowling fast ball. Play tactically to avoid overtaking teammates.
		throw to get players out.	half rounders.	hit. Distinguish between deep	

# **Striking & Fielding – Key Vocabulary and Curriculum links**

and close fielding.

Introduction to the role of the

backstop.

KS1	LKS2	UKS2	
Vocabulary Throwing. Batting. Feilding. Catching. Wickets. Striking. Long barrier. In line. Tracking. Wicket keeper. Underarm. Overarm. Feeder. Score. Control. Backstop. Run. Shot. Bowl.	Vocabulary Throwing. Batting. Feilding. Catching. Wickets. Striking. Long barrier. In line. Tracking. Wicket keeper. Underarm. Overarm. Feeder. Score. Control. Backstop. Run. Shot. Bowl. Aiming. Points/runs. Bases.	Vocabulary Fielding. Striking. Teamwork. Bowling. Wicket Keeper. Long Barrier. Wickets. Runs. Batting. Aiming. Overarm. Underarm. Backstop. Bases.	
<u>Curriculum links</u> Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing, and catching, as well as developing balance, agility, and coordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities.	Curriculum links Use running, jumping, throwing, and catching in isolation and in combination. Play competitive games, modified where appropriate, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.	Curriculum links Use running, jumping, throwing, and catching in isolation and in combination.	



Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending.

Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.

Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.

# **Outdoor Adventurous Activities (OAA) Knowledge Progression Overview**

#### Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Year 4 Year 5 Year 6

### Hands

- · Move in different directions and a variety of different ways.
- Participate in games following rules and playing fairly.
- Begin to plan how to solve problems.
- Participate in competition with others, completing a simple orienteering event.
- Head
- Participate in games following rules and playing fairly.
- Introduction to a compass and directions (N, E, S, W.).
- Spot what/who is best and why in basic terms.

### Heart

- Work independently, as well as cooperatively in small groups.
- Understand how communication can help to solve problems with others

### Hands

- Introduction to map reading. Be able to use some basic features on a map to select and plan a route.
- Work well in big groups, sharing, taking turns, and cooperating with others.
- Begin to understand the competitive side of orienteering and take part in an orienteering event.

### Head

- Understand what a compass is used for and be able to use the direction points.
- Has knowledge of safety rules and procedures for taking part in orienteering events.
- Peer asses. Spot good performances by others and explain in simple terms.

### Heart

- Meet challenges effectively working as part of a team.
- Begin to problem solve with others.

### Hands

- Create and discus plans to achieve success.
- To make a map with symbols and be able to recognise where you are on a map, using basic techniques.
- Move confidently in different ways, developing agility, balance, and co-ordination.

### Head

- Participate in competitive orienteering events, following instructions of the game.
- Recognise that activities need thinking through and planning.
- Self-assess. Understand basic strengths and areas for improvement of own performance.

#### Heart

- Participate in team games, working cooperatively, solving problems with others.
- Communicate effectively with other people and discus plans to achieve success.

### Hands

- Develop a basic understanding of map reading/making and apply these skills and techniques in games.
- Recognise where you are on a
- Demonstrate all the physical skills needed for orienteering: agility, balance, and coordination.

### Head

- Have knowledge of safety rules and procedures for taking part in orienteering event.
- Work as a team to plan and decide what approach to use to meet the challenges.
- Self-assess. Evaluate strengths and areas for improvement, and how to correct them.

### Heart

 Work cooperatively and successfully as part of a team, improving communication skills.

### Hands

- To orientate themselves and map correctly keeping track of their position with increasing accuracy.
- Make a map with symbols and legend and begin to understand scale.
- Compete in orienteering events, problem solving with team members.

### Head

- Understand relevant techniques to navigate to and from control point.
- Develop communication skills and use these skills to achieve success.
- Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement).

### Heart

• Work within a team trusting and valuing each other.

### Hands

- Take part in orienteering events, such as picture orienteering and control orienteering, with success.
- Use a map to confidently orientate yourself around -Use previous knowledge to navigate and design a route to the controls.
- Develop map reading and map building skills.
- Develop physical fitness and be able to describe its importance in orienteering.

### Plan strategies to complete tasks. Choose sensible skills and approaches for the challenge.

- Understand elements and scaling confidently.
- Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement) and compare similarities and differences between other children.

### Heart

 Build confidence during team activities.



# **Outdoor Adventurous Activities (OAA) – Skills Covered**

# Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Year 4 Year 5

Follow simple instructions. Recognise, remember, and match some symbols. Perform physically challenging actions. Follow a movement pattern with others. Take part in competitive races and work with a partner. Undertake simple speed stack arrangements.

Use equipment in unconventional ways. Build on speed stack skills. Compose a small group movement pattern. Participate in blindfold activities. Introduce the principle of map keys and use in a simple way.

Use non-verbal communication effectively. Develop further simple map reading skill. Respond to and resolve problems as a team. Participate in trust activities. Plan on route map.

Recognise compass points. Use a compass. Follow a course. Work cooperatively with a partner to follow a map and solve problems. Recognise a range of standard map symbols. Evaluate their own success.

Use memory and recall skills. Work at maximum physical capacity e.g., when running. Use control cards. Perform under pressure. Perform safely and with control.

Follow and orient a map. Identify objects in a scavenger hunt. Perform complex group pyramid balances. Tie a reef knot. Design your own game using, refining, and adapting group ideas.

Year 6

# <u>Outdoor Adventurous Activities (OAA) – Key Vocabulary and Curriculum links</u>

KS1	LKS2	UKS2
Vocabulary Teamwork. Map. Route. Compass. Directions. Safety. Problem solving. Challenge.	Vocabulary Teamwork. Map Skills. Indoor mapping. Picture Orienteering. Control Plotting. Communication. Problem Solving.	Vocabulary Teamwork. Map Skills. Indoor mapping. Picture Orienteering. Control Plotting. Communication. Problem Solving.
Curriculum links  Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing, and catching, as well as developing balance, agility, and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities.  Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending.	Curriculum links Take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team.	Curriculum links Take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team.



# **Gymnastics – Knowledge Progression Overview**

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
				i Gai G	

### Hands

- Perform basic gymnastic actions, including travelling, rolling, jumping, and staying still.
- Develop fundamental movement skills, becoming increasingly confident and competent, moving safely using changes of speed, level, and direction.
- Combine different ways of travelling exploring a range of movements and shapes.
- · Develop agility, balance, and coordination,
- Perform movement phrases using a range of different body actions and body parts. Head
- Create linked movement phrases with beginning, middle and ends.
- · Describe what skills themselves or others have done.

### Heart

- Cooperate well with others.
- Collaborate in pairs

### Hands

- Perform a range of actions with control and confidence.
- Explore, remember, and repeat a range of gymnastic actions with control, precision, and coordination.
- Form simple sequences of different actions, using the floor and a variety of apparatus.
- Develop fundamental movement skills, combining travelling, balancing and stiffness using both floor and apparatus; and moving smoothly from one position of stiffness to another.
- Continue to develop agility, balance, and coordination.

### Head

- Memorise and recall gymnastic actions.
- Peer asses. Spot good performances by others and explain in simple terms.

### Heart

• Describe and understand in simple terms changes in heart rate.

#### Hands

- Perform a range of actions, agilities and skills with consistency, fluency, and clarity of movement.
- Experiment with a wide range of actions, varying and combining spatial patterns, speed, tension, and continuity when working with a partner and in a group.
- Create, perform, and repeat sequences that include changes of dynamic e.g. changes of level, speed, or direction.
- Develop flexibility, strength, control, technique, and balance.

### **Head**

- Create gymnastic sequences that meet a theme or set of conditions, showing a clear, beginning, middle and end.
- Self-assess. Understand basic strengths and areas for improvement of own performance.

#### Heart

 Describe what effect exercise has on the body in simple terms.

#### Hands

- Find different ways of using a shape, balance, or travel, and link them to make actions and sequences of movement.
- Show control, accuracy and fluency of movement when performing actions on your own and with a partner.
- Devise and perform a gymnastic sequence, showing a clear beginning, middle and end.
- Create, perform, and repeat a combination of actions that include changes of dynamic e.g. changes of level, speed and direction, and clarity of shape.

### **Head**

- Devise and perform a gymnastic sequence, showing a clear beginning, middle and end.
- Self-assess. Evaluate strengths and areas for improvement, and how to correct them.

### Heart

- Collaborate with others.
- Share and create with a partner.

#### Hands

- Perform movements accurately with a sense of rhythm.
- Explore, improvise, and combine movement ideas fluently and effectively.
- Make up longer sequences and perform them with fluency and clarity of movement, choosing skills that meet the needs of the situation.
- Develop flexibility, strength, control, technique, and balance.

### Head

- Develop your own gymnastic sequences by understanding, choosing, and applying a range of compositional principles.
- Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement).

#### Heart

- Rehears with a group or partner.
- Listen to others to improve own performance.

### Hands

- Explore, improvise, and combine movement ideas fluently and effectively. Use skills in different ways, performing confidently, with clarity and a sense of rhythm.
- Combine and perform gymnastic actions, shapes, and balances more fluently and effectively.
- Use combinations of dynamics using the space effectively.

### **Head**

- Develop your own gymnastic sequences by understanding, choosing, and applying a range of compositional principles; varying direction, level, and pathways to improve the look of a sequence.
- Create short warm up routines that follow important principles.
- Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement) and compare similarities and differences between other children.

#### Heart

• Create, lead and be part of warm up routines.



# **Gymnastics – Skills Covered**

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Carry equipment safely. Hurdle step take off. Perform egg roll and log roll. Explore body tension. Linking movements. Rock, spin, turn. Move on, off, over. Point balances h,y, front/back support	Use start & finish shapes. Power in jumping. Levels and speed. Rhythm in performing. Body management in a range of actions. Arabesque, bridge.	Contrasting shapes, body control when rolling. Partner unison. Patterns. Fluency in movement. Half lever. Bouncing. Smooth transitions and extension.	Cartwheel progressions. Using STEP. Judging. Changes in speed. Shoulder roll. Shoulder stand. Showing flow.	Symmetry & asymmetry. Perform counterbalances. Round off progressions. Linking cartwheels & roundoffs. Performing pathways.	Prepare for vaulting. Dismounting from height. Flight in unison & cannon. Use music. Create group patterns. Entrance and relationships to one another. Use stimuli such as ribbons and hoops. Devising warm-ups.

# **Gymnastics – Key Vocabulary and Curriculum links**

KS1	LKS2	UKS2	
Vocabulary Key shapes. Teamwork. Smart. Neat. Performance. Movement. Express. Balance. Roll. Straight. Tense	Vocabulary Gymnastic mats. Marker spots. Cones. Benches. Hoops. Tables. Beanbags. Finish. Timing. Coordination.	Vocabulary Pace. Jumping. Throwing. Coordination. Measurements. Timing. Movement. Technique. Vault. Power. Balance. Landing. Finish.	
Curriculum links  Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing, and catching, as well as developing balance, agility, and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities.  Perform dances using simple movement patterns.	Curriculum links Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control, and balance. Perform dances using a range of movement patterns.	Curriculum links  Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control, and balance.  Perform dances using a range of movement patterns.	