Year 6 – Computer Science



Sticky Knowledge:

- ✓ I can explain what a variable is.
- ✓ I can confidently use events, repeats, selection and variables.
- ✓ I can use a variable in a variety of programming software.
- ✓ I can confidently decompose a problem and methodically create a program to solve it, testing and adapting as I go.
- ✓ I can evaluate the effectiveness of my programming and suggest improvements.
- ✓ I confidently use the Blockly programming language.

Variables

We use variables to store information that might change and can be used later in our program.

```
when clicked

set score to 0

forever

if touching enemy then

change score by 1

if key right arrow pressed? then

change x by 10

if key left arrow pressed? then

change x by -10
```

For example, in this game the variable would be the current score of the player; we would add 1 to the variable whenever the player gained a point.



Big Idea:

I can design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts. I can use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output. I can use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs.

Abstraction

Sorting through a program to remove irrelevant information makes our program more efficient. We can use abstraction to create new blocks and hide the complexities.



Vocabulary

Computer Science:

Using computers to solve problems.

Computational Thinking:

Learning to solve problems, with or without a computer.

Conditional or selection:

A decision must be made for the program to continue (e.g. if dark, then turn the light on).

Variable:

Something that can be changed.

Abstraction:

Sorting through information to decide what is relevant and what is irrelevant.