

# **Computing Curriculum Overview**

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Zoe Illingworth

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# Computing programmes of study: key stages 1 and 2

# **National curriculum in England**

# **Purpose of study**

A high-quality computing education equips pupils to use computational thinking and creativity to understand and change the world. Computing has deep links with mathematics, science, and design and technology, and provides insights into both natural and artificial systems. The core of computing is computer science, in which pupils are taught the principles of information and computation, how digital systems work, and how to put this knowledge to use through programming. Building on this knowledge and understanding, pupils are equipped to use information technology to create programs, systems and a range of content. Computing also ensures that pupils become digitally literate – able to use, and express themselves and develop their ideas through, information and communication technology – at a level suitable for the future workplace and as active participants in a digital world.

#### **Aims**

The national curriculum for computing aims to ensure that all pupils:

- can understand and apply the fundamental principles and concepts of computer science, including abstraction, logic, algorithms and data representation
- can analyse problems in computational terms, and have repeated practical experience of writing computer programs in order to solve such problems
- can evaluate and apply information technology, including new or unfamiliar technologies, analytically to solve problems
- are responsible, competent, confident and creative users of information and communication technology.

## **Attainment targets**

By the end of each key stage, pupils are expected to know, apply and understand the matters, skills and processes specified in the relevant programme of study.

### **Subject content**

#### Key stage 1

Pupils should be taught to:

- understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions
- create and debug simple programs
- use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs
- use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content
- recognise common uses of information technology beyond school
- use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify
  where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact
  on the internet or other online technologies.

#### Key stage 2

Pupils should be taught to:

- design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts
- use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output
- use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs
- understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration
- use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content
- select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range
  of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that
  accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting
  data and information
- use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact.

#### **Curriculum Intent for Computing**

At Masefield we reflect the National Curriculum's belief that high-quality Computing education provides the foundations for understanding the world through the specific disciplines of Computer Science, Information Technology and Digital Literacy. Technology has changed our lives and is vital to the world's future prosperity, and all pupils should be taught essential aspects of the knowledge, methods, processes and uses of science. Through building up a body of key foundational knowledge and concepts, pupils should be encouraged to recognise the power of rational explanation and develop a sense of excitement and curiosity about natural phenomena and the world.

The school's long term plan for Computing sets out the content of teaching within in each year group. This is supported by the school's Computing progression document which demonstrates learning outcomes within each strand of development within a Computing unit. Short term planning details how this content is developed over a series of lessons within the unit of work.

At Masefield computing is an integral part of our school and our aim is that:

- Children will enjoy computing and will tackle applications with confidence and a sense of achievement;
- Children will develop independence and use computing skills in a purposeful way;
- It will be valued through adequate provision of resources, a long term vision set out in the School Improvement & Development Plan, along with appropriate Continuing Professional Development for all staff;
- Computing will take a cross-curricular approach;
- Children will develop practical skills and the ability to solve problems using computational thinking;
- Subject co-ordinators will familiarise themselves with relevant software and provide computing resources for their subject.

#### **Strands within the Computing Curriculum**

#### What is Digital Citizenship?

Children need to examine the consequences of their online activity—both good and bad. When teaching Digital Citizenship it is vital that we thoroughly embed the principles of staying safe online and then move onto web content and how they interact with it. It is important to use real world examples with our children to ensure that their learning is relevant to their life experiences.

There are five key aspects of online education, adopted and incorporated from the Education for a Connected World framework, focalised within the teaching of Digital Citizenship at Masefield. These are:

- Self-image and Identity
- Online relationships
- Online reputation
- Online bullying
- Health, wellbeing and lifestyle



#### What is Digital Literacy?

Digital Literacy is essentially how to use a whole host of different software. Having high levels of Digital Literacy enables us to decide which software we need to complete any given task, how to transfer skills and ultimately, be confident when using software.

The essential component of digital literacy when it comes to the field of pedagogy is deep learning; of which there are six core skills:

- **Collaboration**: The ability to work collaboratively with others, with strong interpersonal and team-related skills.
- **Creativity:** Being able to weigh up opportunities in an entrepreneurial manner and ask the right questions to generate new ideas.
- Critical thinking: Being able to evaluate information and arguments, identify patterns and connections, and construct meaningful knowledge and apply it in the real world.
- **Citizenship:** The ability to consider issues and solve complex problems based on a deep understanding of diverse values and a worldview.
- **Character:** Traits such as grit, tenacity, perseverance, and resilience; alongside a desire to make learning an integral part of living.
- Communication: Being able to communicate effectively through a variety of methods and tools to a range of different audiences.



#### What is Computer Science?

Computer science has been deemed as important to the school curriculum because of its potential to teach children Computational Thinking or how to think. Computational Thinking can teach students how to be successful with design, logical reasoning, problem solving and resilience - all valuable well beyond the computer science classroom. The ability to create and adapt new technologies distinguishes computer science from computer literacy.

#### What is Information Technology?

This is how we interface with technology using existing hardware. We need to teach children how to navigate around a variety of devices, type, save work, find and move files. In addition, they need to understand the internet and the web, use search engines, understand networks and generally be efficient and independent users of a range of technologies.

There are three key aspects of online education, adopted and incorporated from the Education for a Connected World framework, focalised within the teaching of Information Technology at Masefield. These are:

- Managing online information
- Privacy and security
- Copyright and ownership



# Computing long-term overview – Early Years Foundation Stage

Autumn Term – Digital Citizenship and Digital Literacy	Spring Term — Computer Science and Digital Literacy	Summer Term – Information Technology and Digital Literacy
Objectives:	Objectives:	Objectives:
DC.EYFS.1 I can talk about my digital footprint	CS.EYFS.1 I can name items we control in the everyday	Managing online information
Self-image and identity	environment	IT.EYFS.1 I can talk about how to use the internet as a way of
DC.EYFS.2 I can recognise, online or offline, that anyone can say	CS.EYFS.2 I can use every day technology	finding information online
'no' / 'please stop' / 'I'll tell' / 'I'll ask' to somebody who makes	<ul> <li>CS.EYFS.3 I can explore on screen activities – by clicking (cause and effect)</li> </ul>	IT.EYFS.2 I can identify devices I could use to access information on
them feel sad, uncomfortable, embarrassed or upset	• <b>CS.EYFS.4</b> I know that an algorithm is a set of instruction that can	the internet
Online Relationships	solve a problem	Privacy and Security
DC.EYFS.3 I can recognise some ways in which the internet can be	CS.EYFS.5 create a simple algorithm for a BeeBot/Blue-Bots or	IT.EYFS.3 I can identify some simple examples of my personal
used to communicate	remote control toy	information (e.g. name, address, birthday, age, location)
DC.EYFS.4 I can give examples of how I (might) use technology to		IT.EYFS.4 I can describe who would be trustworthy to share this
communicate with people I know		information with; I can explain why they are trusted
Online Reputation		Copyright and ownership:
DC.EYFS.5 I can identify ways that I can put information on the		IT.EYFS.5 I know that work I create belongs to me
internet		IT.EYFS.6 I can name my work so that others know it belongs to me
Online Bullying		
DC.EYFS.6 I can describe ways that some people can be unkind		
online		
DC.EYFS.7 I can offer examples of how this can make others feel		
Health, wellbeing and lifestyle		
DC.EYFS.8 I can identify rules that help keep us safe and healthy in		
and beyond the home when using technology		
DC.EYFS.9 I can give some simple examples of these rules		
Resources:	Resources:	Resources:
Project Evolve for Early Years Foundation Stage	Small world/real life resources throughout continuous provision	Project Evolve for Early Years Foundation Stage
	(phones, scanner, microphones, cameras etc)	
	BeeBots and mats	
	Remote control toys	
	Unplugged activities	
Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:
Digital citizen, world wide web, self-Image and identity, online	Technology, collaboration, microchip, directional language, algorithm,	Information technology, computer networks, internet, world wide
relationships, online reputation, online bullying, health and wellbeing.	debugging.	web, communication, collaboration, online information, personal
		information, ownership
Linked text:		Linked text:
Webster's Friend – Hannah Whaley		Winnie and Wilbur: The New Computer – Valerie Thomas and Korky
		Paul

<sup>\*</sup>Computing in the Early Years Foundation Stage should filter through all the prime areas of learning and opportunities to interact with technology \*

Autumn 1 – Digital Citizenship	Autumn 2 – Digital Literacy	Spring 1 – Consolidation of Computer	Spring 2 – New Computer Science	Summer 1 – Information Technology	Summer 2 – Consolidation Project for
р		Science from previous year	Learning	Cummer 2 microsures recomeregy	Digital Literacy
Objectives:	Objectives	•		Focus: Using the Internet	•
Objectives:  DC1.1   can talk about my digital footprint  Self-image and identity  DC1.2   can recognise that there may be people online who could make me feel sad, embarrassed or upset  DC1.3   f something happens that makes me feel sad, worried, uncomfortable or frightened   can give examples of when and how to speak to an adult   can trust.  Online relationships  DC1.4   can give examples of when   should ask permission to do something online and explain why this is important.  DC1.5   can explain why it is important to be considerate and kind to people online and to respect their choices  Online reputation  DC1.6   recognise that information can stay online and could be copied  Online bullying  DC1.7   can describe how to behave online in ways that do not upset others and can give examples  Health, wellbeing and lifestyle  DC1.8   can explain rules to keep us safe when we are using technology both in and beyond the home	<ul> <li>Objectives:</li> <li>DL1.1   can input text and images using a simple publishing program</li> <li>DL1.2   can type a simple sentence on the screen, making use of a word bank</li> <li>DL1.3   can format my typing in a number of ways (size, colour, font)</li> <li>DL1.4   know the main keys for typing e.g. shift, space bar, full stop</li> <li>DL1.5   can type simple sentences using the correct format ( Capital letters, space and full stop)</li> <li>DL1.6   know how to make text bold/ italics / text alignment etc.</li> <li>DL1.7   can use simple keyboard shortcuts (Ctrl + B, I, U to edit my text style)</li> <li>DL1.8   can move to different places in the text using the arrow keys or mouse</li> <li>DL1.9   can use the 'undo' icon to fix a mistake</li> </ul>	Objectives:  CS.EYFS.1   can name items we control in the everyday environment  CS.EYFS.2   can use every day technology  CS.EYFS.3   can explore on screen activities – by clicking (cause and effect)  CS.EYFS.4   know that an algorithm is a set of instructions that can solve a problem  CS.EYFS.5   can create a simple algorithm for a BeeBot/Blue-Bots or remote control toy	Focus: Algorithms  Objectives:  CS1.1   can tell you what an algorithm is CS1.2   can plan a simple algorithm  CS1.3   can give and follow commands, which include straight / turning commands – one at a time  CS1.4   can debug a simple algorithm that is causing an unexpected outcome.  CS1.5   can break an algorithm down into smaller parts (decomposing / chunking)  CS1.6   can predict if a simple algorithm will work	Focus: Using the Internet Computing Pioneer: Jack Kilby and Robert Noyce  Objectives:  Managing online information  IT1.1 I can give simple examples of how to find information (e.g. search engine, browsers, voice activated searching)  IT1.2 I know how to get help from a trusted adult if we see content that makes us feel sad, uncomfortable worried or frightened.  Privacy and security  IT1.3 I can explain how passwords can be used to protect information and devices  IT1.4 I can recognise more detailed examples of information that is personal to someone (e.g. where I live, my family's names, where I go to school)  IT1.5 I can explain why it is important to always ask a trusted adult before sharing any personal information online, belonging to myself or others  Copyright and ownership  IT1.6 I can explain why work I create using technology belongs to me (e.g. 'it is my idea' or 'I designed it')  IT1.7 I can save my work under a suitable name so that others know it belongs to me (e.g. filename, name on content)	Consolidation of Digital Literacy from Autumn 2.  Objectives:  DL1.1   can input text and images using a simple publishing program  DL1.2   can type a simple sentence on the screen, making use of a word bank  DL1.3   can format my typing in a number of ways (size, colour, font)  DL1.4   know the main keys for typing e.g. shift, space bar, full stop  DL1.5   can type simple sentences using the correct format ( Capital letters, space and full stop)  DL1.6   know how to make text bold/ italics / text alignment etc.  DL1.7   can use simple keyboard shortcuts (Ctrl + B, I, U to edit my text style)  DL1.8   can move to different places in the text using the arrow keys or mouse  DL1.9   can use the 'undo' icon to fix a mistake
Resources:  Project Evolve for complete lesson plans on above objectives	Resources: Microsoft Word PurpleMash 2Type	Resources: Small world/real life resources throughout (phones, scanner, microphones, cameras etc) BeeBots and mats Remote control toys Unplugged activities	Resources:  BeeBots and mats Remote control toys Unplugged activities	Resources: Project Evolve for complete lesson plans on above objectives	Resources: Microsoft Word PurpleMash 2Type
Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:
Digital citizen, digital footprint, world wide web, self-Image and identity, online relationships, online reputation, online bullying, health and wellbeing.	Digital literacy, word processing, keyboard keys, caps lock, shift, space bar, document, cursor, insert, formatting, abstraction.	Technology, collaboration, microchip, directional language, algorithm, debugging.	Computer science, computational thinking, algorithm, decompose, debugging, abstraction, input, output, unplugged, event blocks, directional language	Information technology, computer networks, internet, world wide web, communication, collaboration, online information, personal information, ownership	Digital literacy, word processing, keyboard keys, caps lock, shift, space bar, document, cursor, insert, formatting, abstraction.
Linked text: Dot – Randi Zuckerberg				Linked text: Winnie and Wilbur: Gadgets Galore – Valerie Thomas and Korky Paul	

Autumn 1 – Digital Citizenship	Autumn 2 – Digital Literacy	Spring 1 – Consolidation of Computer	Spring 2 – New Computer Science	Summer 1 – Information Technology	Summer 2 – Consolidation Project for
		Science from previous year	Learning		Digital Literacy
Objectives:	Objectives:	Focus: Algorithms	Focus: Programs and Events	Focus: Effective Searching	Consolidation of Digital Literacy from Autumn 2.
DC2.1 I can talk about my digital footprint	DL2.1 I can use spell checker to check my			Computing Pioneer: Tim Berners-Lee	
	work	Objectives:	Objectives:		Objectives:
Self-image and identity	DL2.2 I can use the return/enter key to insert	CS1.1 I can tell you what an algorithm is	CS2.1 I can tell you what a program is	Objectives:	DL2.1 I can use spell checker to check my
DC2.2 I can explain how other people may	relevant line breaks	CS1.2 I can plan a simple algorithm	CS2.2 I can tell you what an event is	Managing online information	work
look and act differently online and offline	DL2.3 I can save an image from the internet	CS1.3 I can give and follow commands, which	CS2.3 I know programs need an event to	IT2.1 I can use simple keywords in search	DL2.2 I can use the return/enter key to insert
DC2.3 I can give examples of issues online	rather than using copy & paste	include straight / turning commands – one at	begin	engines	relevant line breaks
that might make me feel sad, worried,	DL2.4 I can add a page border	a time	CS2.4 I can give and follow instructions,	IT2.2 I can demonstrate how to navigate a	DL2.3 I can save an image from the internet
uncomfortable or frightened; I can give	DL2.5 I can insert a basic table	CS1.4 I can debug a simple algorithm that is	which include direction and turning	simple webpage to get to information I need	rather than using copy & paste
examples of how I might get help.	DL2.6 I can select the page orientation that	causing an unexpected outcome.	command – several in order	(e.g. home, forward, back buttons; links, tabs	DL2.4 I can add a page border
Online relationships	would best suit my work. e.g. portrait to	CS1.5 I can break an algorithm down into	CS2.5 I know that computers need precise	and sections)	DL2.5 I can insert a basic table
DL2.4 I can give examples of how someone	landscape	smaller parts (decomposing / chunking)	instructions	IT2.3 I can explain the difference between	DL2.6 I can select the page orientation that
might use technology to communicate with	DL2.7 I can transfer these skills into	CS1.6 I can predict if a simple algorithm will	CS2.6 I can plan use logical reasoning to	things that are imaginary, 'made up' or 'make	would best suit my work. e.g. portrait to
others they don't also know offline and	PowerPoint	work	predict outcomes	believe' and things that are 'true' or 'real'	landscape
explain why this might be risky. (e.g. email,			CS2.7 I can create a program that contains	Privacy and security	DL2.7 I can transfer these skills into
online gaming, a pen-pal in another school /			several commands for a device or software	IT2.4 I can explain how passwords can be	PowerPoint
country)			programme	used to protect information, accounts and	
DL2.5 I can explain why I have a right to say			CS2.8 I can debug a program independently	devices	
'no' or 'I will have to ask someone'.			that has caused an unexpected outcome	IT2.5 I can explain and give examples of what	
DL2.6 I can explain why I should always ask a			CS2.9 I can use different events to start my	is meant by 'private' and 'keeping things	
trusted adult before clicking 'yes', 'agree' or			programs – timing / on click / on button press	private'	
'accept' online				IT2.6 I can explain how some people may	
Online reputation				have devices in their homes connected to the	
DL2.7 I can explain how information put				internet and give examples (e.g. lights,	
online about me can last for a long time				fridges, toys, televisions)	
Online bullying				Copyright and ownership	
DL2.8 I can explain what bullying is, how				IT2.7 I can recognise that content on the	
people may bully others and how bullying can				internet may belong to other people	
make someone feel					
DL2.9 I can give examples of bullying     behaviour and how it could look online					
Health, wellbeing and lifestyle					
DL2.10 I can explain simple guidance for using					
technology in different environments and					
settings, e.g. accessing online technologies in					
public places and the home environment.					
p p					
Resources:	Resources:	Resources:	Resources:	Resources:	Resources:
<u>Project Evolve</u> for complete lesson plans on above	Microsoft Word	BeeBots and mats	BeeBots and mats	Project Evolve for complete lesson plans on above	Microsoft Word
objectives	Microsoft PowerPoint	Remote control toys	Remote control toys	objectives	Microsoft PowerPoint
		Unplugged activities	Unplugged activities		
Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:
Digital citizen, digital footprint, world wide web,	Digital literacy, word processing, document,	Computer science, computational thinking,	Computer science, computational thinking,	Information technology, computer networks,	Digital literacy, word processing, document,
self-Image and identity, online relationships, online	punctuation, exclamation marks, question marks,	algorithm, decompose, debugging, abstraction,	algorithm, program, decompose, debugging,	internet, world wide web, communication,	punctuation, exclamation marks, question marks,
reputation, online bullying, health and wellbeing.	caps lock, shift, space bar, table, row, column,	input, output, unplugged, event blocks, directional	abstraction, input, output, unplugged, event	collaboration, online information, privacy, security,	caps lock, shift, space bar, table, row, column,
	border, cursor, insert, formatting, abstraction	language	blocks, directional language	copyright, ownership	border, cursor, insert, formatting, abstraction
Linked toxt: #Coldilasks   Japan - Willia	-			Linked tout Tim Democratics (Inspired and University	
Linked text: #Goldilocks – Jeanne Willis				Linked text: Tim Berners-Lee (Inspirational Lives) –	
				Claudia Martin	

Autumn 1 – Digital Citizenship	Autumn 2 – Digital Literacy	Spring 1 – Consolidation of Computer	Spring 2 – New Computer Science	Summer 1 – Information Technology	Summer 2 – Consolidation Project for
		Science from previous year	Learning		Digital Literacy
Objectives:	Objectives:	Focus: Programs and Events	Focus: Sequence	Focus: Online Communication	Consolidation of Digital Literacy from Autumn 2.
Objectives:  DC3.1 I can talk about my digital footprint  Self-image and identity  DC3.2 I can explain what is meant by the term 'identity'  DC3.3 I can explain how people can represent themselves in different ways online  Online relationships  DC3.4 I can explain what is meant by 'trusting someone online', why this is different from 'liking someone online', and why it is important to be careful about who to trust online including what information and content they are trusted with  DC3.5 I can explain how someone's feelings can be hurt by what is said or written online  Online reputation  DC3.6 I can give examples of what anyone may or may not be willing to share about themselves online  DC3.7 I can explain the need to be careful before sharing anything personal  Online bullying  DC3.8 I can describe appropriate ways to behave towards other people online and why this is important.  DC3.9 I can give examples of how bullying behaviour could appear online and how someone can get support.  Health, wellbeing and lifestyle  DC3.10 I can explain why spending too much time using technology can sometimes have a	<ul> <li>Objectives:</li> <li>DL3.1   can type a number of sentences using the keyboard</li> <li>DL3.2   can use tab to indent paragraphs</li> <li>DL3.3   can use cut, copy and paste to reorder text</li> <li>DL3.4   can use keyboard shortcuts e.g. Ctrl + V, X, C to re-order text.</li> <li>DL3.5   can use bullet points, speech bubbles, auto shapes and text boxes</li> <li>DL3.6   can format wrapping/layout of text boxes and images in word</li> <li>DL3.7   can format images - move, rotate and re-size shapes</li> <li>DL3.8   can use the format tab to alter word art to enhance my work</li> <li>DL3.9   can use a variety of table tools (merge cells, fill, columns etc.)</li> <li>DL3.10   can explain the difference between save and save as</li> <li>DL3.11   can create a folder to save my work in</li> <li>DL3.12   can give a file a name to identify it</li> <li>DL3.13   can transfer these skills into PowerPoint</li> </ul>	•		Focus: Online Communication Computing Pioneer: Ada Lovelace and Charles Babbage  Objectives: Managing online information  IT3.1 I can demonstrate how to use key phrases in search engines to gather accurate information online  IT3.2 I can explain the difference between a 'belief', an 'opinion' and a 'fact. and can give examples of how and where they might be shared online, e.g. in videos, memes, posts, news stories  Privacy and security  IT3.3 I can describe simple strategies for creating and keeping passwords private  IT3.4 I can give reasons why someone should only share information with people they choose to and can trust  IT3.5 I can explain that if they are not sure or feel pressured then they should tell a trusted adult.  Copyright and ownership  IT3.6 I can explain why copying someone else's work from the internet without permission isn't fair and can explain what problems this might cause	Consolidation of Digital Literacy from Autumn 2.  Objectives:  DL3.1   can type a number of sentences using the keyboard  DL3.2   can use tab to indent paragraphs  DL3.3   can use cut, copy and paste to reorder text  DL3.4   can use keyboard shortcuts e.g. Ctrl + V, X, C to re-order text.  DL3.5   can use bullet points, speech bubbles, auto shapes and text boxes  DL3.6   can format wrapping/layout of text boxes and images in word  DL3.7   can format images - move, rotate and re-size shapes  DL3.8   can use the format tab to alter word art to enhance my work  DL3.9   can use a variety of table tools (merge cells, fill, columns etc.)  DL3.10   can explain the difference between save and save as  DL3.11   can create a folder to save my work in  DL3.12   can give a file a name to identify it  DL3.13   can transfer these skills into PowerPoint
negative impact on anyone, e.g. mood, sleep, body, relationships.	Recovered	Besserver	Recovered	Becourse	Bassings
Resources: Project Evolve for complete lesson plans on above objectives	Resources: Microsoft Word Microsoft PowerPoint	Resources:  BeeBots and mats  Remote control toys  Unplugged activities	Resources: CS First	Resources:  Project Evolve for complete lesson plans on above objectives	Resources: Microsoft Word Microsoft PowerPoint
Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:
Digital citizen, digital footprint, world wide web, self-Image and identity, online relationships, online reputation, online bullying, health and wellbeing.	Digital literacy, formatting, layout, audience, appropriate, relevant, abstraction, background, border, animation, transition, keyboard, shortcut, insert, cursor	Computer science, computational thinking, algorithm, program, decompose, debugging, abstraction, input, output, unplugged, event blocks, directional language	Computer science, computational thinking, algorithm, program, sequence, decompose, debugging, abstraction, input, output, unplugged, event blocks, directional language	Information technology, computer networks, internet, world wide web, communication, collaboration, online information, privacy, security, copyright, ownership	Digital literacy, formatting, layout, audience, appropriate, relevant, abstraction, background, border, animation, transition, keyboard, shortcut, insert, cursor
Linked text: Tek: The Modern Cave Boy – Patrick McDonnell				Linked text: Little People, Big Dreams: Ada Lovelace – Maria Isabel Sanchez Vegara	

Autumn 1 – Digital Citizenship	Autumn 2 – Digital Literacy	Spring 1 – Consolidation of Computer	Spring 2 – New Computer Science	Summer 1 – Information Technology	Summer 2 – Consolidation Project for
		Science from previous year	Learning		Digital Literacy
Objectives:	Objectives:	Focus: Sequence	Focus: Repeats and loops	Focus: Computer Networks	Consolidation of Digital Literacy from Autumn 2.
DC4.1 I can talk about my digital footprint	DL4.1 I can transfer my word processing skills			Computing Pioneer: Hedy Lamarr and Radia	
	into other multimedia packages e.g.	Objectives:	Objectives:	Perlman	Objectives:
Self-image and identity	PowerPoint     DL4.2 I can include importing images,	CS3.1 I know that a sequence is a list of	CS4.1 I know what a repeat is		DL4.1 I can transfer my word processing skills
DC4.2 I can explain how my online identity	hyperlinks and the use of sounds recorded	instructions in a particular order	CS4.2 I know that a repeat is used to repeat a	Objectives:	into other multimedia packages e.g. PowerPoint
can be different to my offline identity	DL4.3 I can enter a basic mathematical	CS3.2 I know that if I change the sequence I	set of instructions	Managing online information	DL4.2 I can include importing images,
DC4.3 I can explain that others online can	formula into Excel	may change the outcome of the program	CS4.3 I can use repeats in programs	IT4.1 I can analyse information to make a	hyperlinks and the use of sounds recorded
pretend to be someone else, including my	DL4.4 I can add basic mathematical formulas     DL4.5 I can use SUM to calculate the total of	CS3.3 I can sequence a simple program on	confidently	judgement about probable accuracy and I	DL4.3 I can enter a basic mathematical
friends, and can suggest reasons why they	a set of numbers in a range of cells	Logo to produce a line drawing of a 2D shape	CS4.4 I can independently select repeat and	understand why it is important to make my	formula into Excel  DL4.4 I can add basic mathematical formulas
might do this	DL4.6 I can change the look of a spreadsheet	CS3.4 I can solve problems by decomposing	sequence code to make my own program	own decisions regarding content and that my decisions are respected by others	DL4.4 I can add basic mathematical formulas     DL4.5 I can use SUM to calculate the total of
Online relationships	by using different formats e.g. text styles,	them into smaller parts	CS4.5 I can detect and debug errors in	IT4.2 I can describe how to search for	a set of numbers in a range of cells
DC4.4 I can give examples of how to be respectful to others online and describe how	colour, number format inc, currency and date, row and column heights	CS3.5 I can detect and debug errors in my	algorithms and programs.	information within a wide group of	DL4.6 I can change the look of a spreadsheet
to recognise healthy and unhealthy online	DL4.7 I can insert and delete columns and	sequence     CS3.6 I can use and edit a pre-written	CS4.6 I can transfer my coding skills between software	technologies and make a judgement about	by using different formats e.g. text styles, colour, number format inc, currency and
behaviours	rows in a spreadsheet	program to achieve a specific outcome	CS4.7 I can explain why it is important to use	the probable accuracy (e.g. social media,	date, row and column heights
DC4.5 I can explain how content shared	DL4.8 I can use spreadsheets to create a graph	CS3.7 I can use logical reasoning to explain	the repeat function in a particular place in my	image sites, video sites)	DL4.7 I can insert and delete columns and
online may feel unimportant to one person	graph  • DL4.9 I can decide on the most appropriate	what will happen next	sequence	IT4.3 I can explain what is meant by fake	rows in a spreadsheet
but may be important to other people's	form of graph for a data set and give reasons	CS3.8 I can predict how a change in a	·	news e.g. why some people will create stories	DL4.8 I can use spreadsheets to create a graph
thoughts feelings and beliefs	for my choice	sequence may impact on the outcome of a		or alter photographs and put them online to	DL4.9 I can decide on the most appropriate
Online reputation	DL4.10 I can interpret graphs of data	program		pretend something is true when it isn't	form of graph for a data set and give reasons
DC4.6 I can describe how to find out	collected from sensors			Privacy and security	for my choice
information about others by searching online				IT4.4 I can describe strategies for keeping	DL4.10 I can interpret graphs of data
Online bullying				personal information private, depending on	collected from sensors
DC4.7 I can describe ways people can be				context	
bullied through a range of media (e.g. image,				IT4.5 I know what the digital age of consent is	
video, text, chat)				and the impact this has on online services	
DC4.8 I can explain why people need to think  corefully about how content they need might				asking for consent Copyright and ownership	
carefully about how content they post might affect others, their feelings and how it may				IT4.6 When searching on the internet for	
affect how others feel about them (their				content to use, I can explain why I need to	
reputation)				consider who owns it and whether I have the	
Health, wellbeing and lifestyle				right to reuse it.	
DC4.9 I can explain how using technology can				IT4.7 I can give some simple examples of	
be a distraction from other things, in both a				content which I must not use without	
positive and negative way				permission from the owner, e.g. videos,	
				music, images.	
				IT4.8 I can explain a range of internet	
				standards (e.g. HTTP, URL)	
Resources:	Resources:	Resources:	Resources:	Resources:	Resources:
Project Evolve for complete lesson plans on above	Microsoft Word	CS First	CS First	Project Evolve for complete lesson plans on above	Microsoft Word Microsoft PowerPoint
objectives	Microsoft PowerPoint			objectives	
	Microsoft Excel				Microsoft Excel
Vesebulenii	Masahulanu	Masahulasu	Masshulanu	Masshulanu	Vessbulen
Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:
Digital citizen, digital footprint, world wide web,	Digital literacy, spreadsheet, formula, SUM,	Computer science, computational thinking,	Computer science, computational thinking,	Information technology, computer networks,	Digital literacy, spreadsheet, formula, SUM,
self-Image and identity, online relationships, online reputation, online bullying, health and wellbeing.	AutoSum, sort, filter, abstraction, formatting, layout, appropriate, border, insert	algorithm, program, sequence, decompose, debugging, abstraction, input, output, unplugged,	algorithm, program, sequence, repeat, loops, decompose, debugging, abstraction, input, output,	internet, world wide web, communication, collaboration, online information, privacy, security,	AutoSum, sort, filter, abstraction, formatting, layout, appropriate, border, insert
repatation, online bunying, nearth and weilbeing.	ayout, appropriate, poruer, moert	event blocks, directional language	unplugged, event blocks, directional language	copyright, ownership, HTML, HTTP, URL and Web	iayout, appropriate, border, insert
		anguage		Server	
Linked text: But it's Just a Game – Julia Cook	1			Linked text: Hedy Lamarr's Double Life – Laurie	
January Same Same Same Same				Wallmark	
				*** Camillaria	

Autumn 1 – Digital Citizenship	Autumn 2 – Digital Literacy	Spring 1 – Consolidation of Computer	Spring 2 – New Computer Science	Summer 1 – Information Technology	Summer 2 – Consolidation Project for
Autumn 1 Digital Citizensinp	Addinin's Digital Electory	Science from previous year	Learning	Summer 1 morniation recimology	Digital Literacy
Objectives	Objectives		· ·	Facus Evaluation	,
<ul> <li>Objectives:         <ul> <li>DC5.1 I can talk about my digital footprint</li> </ul> </li> <li>Self-image and identity</li> <li>DC5.2 I can demonstrate responsible choices about my online identity, depending on context</li> <li>DC5.3 I can explain how identity online can be copied, modified or altered</li> </ul> <li>Online relationships</li> <li>DC5.4 I can explain how someone can get help if they are having problems and identify when to tell a trusted adult</li> <li>Online reputation</li> <li>DC5.5 I can describe ways that information about anyone online can be used by others to make judgments about an individual and why these may be incorrect</li> <li>Online bullying</li> <li>DC5.6 I can recognise online bullying can be different to bullying in the physical world and can describe some of those differences</li> <li>DC5.7 I can describe the helpline services which can help people experiencing bullying, and how to access them (e.g. Childline/CEOP/The Mix)</li> <li>Health, wellbeing and lifestyle</li> <li>DC5.8 I can describe ways technology can affect health and well-being both positively (e.g. mindfulness apps) and negatively</li> <li>DC5.9 I can describe some strategies, tips or advice to promote health and well-being with regards to technology</li> <li>DC5.10 I recognise the benefits and risks of accessing information about health and well-being online and how we should balance this with talking to trusted adults and professionals</li>	Objectives:  DL5.1 I can select appropriate tools to add emphasis and effect to my work  DL5.2 I can explain why I have chosen my layout and formatting  DL5.3 I can review and edit my work and talk about the changes I made  DL5.4 I can explain why my work is suitable for the audience  DL5.5 I can create a database structure of my own and enter the data  DL5.6 I can prepare a data collection form and collect quality information  DL5.7 I can use databases to create a graph  DL5.8 I can select the most appropriate form of graph for a data set giving reasons for my choice  DL5.9 I can interpret graphs of data collected from a variety of sources	Objectives:  CS4.1   know what a repeat is  CS4.2   know that a repeat is used to repeat a set of instructions  CS4.3   can use repeats in programs confidently  CS4.4   can independently select repeat and sequence code to make my own program  CS4.5   can detect and debug errors in algorithms and programs.  CS4.6   can transfer my coding skills between software  CS4.7   can explain why it is important to use the repeat function in a particular place in my sequence	Objectives: CS5.1 I can tell you what a conditional / selection is CS5.2 I can plan algorithm and the write a program using the following: commands, sequence, repetition and selection / condition ('ifthen') CS5.3 I can detect and debug errors in more complex algorithms and programs CS5.4 I can use selection to create games in which the user must make a choice CS5.5 I can use my skills and understanding of conditional / selection in more than 2 programs	Focus: Evaluation Computing Pioneer: Bill Gates, Grace Hopper and Steve Wozniak  Objectives:  IT5.1   know what an operating system is and why it important  IT5.2   can identify the key internal parts of a computer – RAM, memory, processor and motherboard and describe what each part does  Managing online information  IT5.3   can explain what is meant by 'being sceptical';   can give examples of when and why it is important to be 'sceptical'  IT5.4   can evaluate digital content and can explain how to make choices about what is trustworthy e.g. differentiating between adverts and search results  IT5.5   can explain key concepts including: information, reviews, fact, opinion, belief, validity, reliability and evidence  Privacy and security  IT5.6   can explain what a strong password is and demonstrate how to create one  IT5.7   can explain what app permissions are and can give some examples  Copyright and ownership  IT5.8   can assess and justify when it is acceptable to use the work of others  IT5.9   can give examples of content that is permitted to be reused and know how this content can be found online	Consolidation of Digital Literacy from Autumn 2.  Objectives:  DL5.1   can select appropriate tools to add emphasis and effect to my work  DL5.2   can explain why   have chosen my layout and formatting  DL5.3   can review and edit my work and talk about the changes   made  DL5.4   can explain why my work is suitable for the audience  DL5.5   can create a database structure of my own and enter the data  DL5.6   can prepare a data collection form and collect quality information  DL5.7   can use databases to create a graph  DL5.8   can select the most appropriate form of graph for a data set giving reasons for my choice  DL5.9   can interpret graphs of data collected from a variety of sources
Resources:	Resources:	Resources:	Resources:	Resources:	Resources:
Project Evolve for complete lesson plans on above objectives	Microsoft Word Microsoft PowerPoint Microsoft Excel	CS First	CS First	Project Evolve for complete lesson plans on above objectives	Microsoft Word Microsoft PowerPoint Microsoft Excel
Vocabulary: Digital citizen, digital footprint, world wide web, self-Image and identity, online relationships, online reputation, online bullying, health and wellbeing.  Linked text: Troll Stinks – Jeanne Willis	Vocabulary: Digital literacy, database, record, field, spreadsheet, formula, sort, filter, abstraction, appropriate, formatting, layout	Vocabulary: Computer science, computational thinking, algorithm, program, sequence, repeat, loops, decompose, debugging, abstraction, input, output, unplugged, event blocks, directional language	Vocabulary: Computer science, computational thinking, algorithm, program, sequence, repeat, loops, conditional, selection, decompose, debugging, abstraction, input, output, unplugged, event blocks, directional language	Vocabulary: Information technology, computer networks, internet, world wide web, communication, evaluate, collaboration, search engine, online information, privacy, security, copyright, ownership  Linked text: The Bill Gates Story – Studio Cheongbi	Vocabulary: Digital literacy, database, record, field, spreadsheet, formula, sort, filter, abstraction, appropriate, formatting, layout

		Computing long-t	erm overview – Year 6		
Autumn 1 – Digital Citizenship	Autumn 2 – Digital Literacy	Spring 1 – Consolidation of Computer	Spring 2 – New Computer Science	Summer 1 – Information Technology	Summer 2 – Consolidation Project for
		Science from previous year	Learning		Digital Literacy
Objectives:  DC6.1   can talk about my digital footprint  Self-image and identity  DC6.2   can talk about the importance of asking until   get the help needed  DC6.3   can describe issues online that could make anyone feel sad, worried, uncomfortable or frightened and explain how to get help if this happens.  DC6.4   can identify and critically evaluate online content relating to gender, race, religion, disability, culture and other groups, and explain why it is important to challenge and reject inappropriate representations online.  Online relationships  DC6.5   can explain how sharing something online may have an impact either positively or negatively  DC6.6   can describe how to be kind and show respect for others online including the importance of respecting boundaries regarding what is shared about them online and how to support them if others do not  Online reputation  DC6.7   can explain strategies anyone can use to protect their 'digital personality' and online reputation, including degrees of anonymity  Online bullying  DC6.8   can describe how to capture bullying content as evidence (e.g. screen-grab, URL, profile) to share with others who can help me  Health, wellbeing and lifestyle  DC6.9   can describe common systems that regulate age-related content (e.g. PEGI, BBFC,	Objectives: I can use skills I have learnt across multiple application programs, including:  DL6.1 I can choose, select and use a combination of software to present my work  DL6.2 I can select appropriate tools to add emphasis and effect to my work  DL6.3 I can explain why I have chosen my layout and formatting  DL6.4 I can review and edit my work and talk about the changes I made  DL6.5 I can consider whether my work is suitable for the audience  DL6.6 I can draft and redraft my work by deleting, inserting and replacing text  DL6.7 I can interpret graphs of data collected from a variety of sources			Focus: History and the future of Computing Computing Pioneers: Alan Turing and Elon Musk  Objectives:  Managing online information  IT6.1 I can explain how search engines work and how results are selected and ranked  IT6.2 I can explain how to use search technologies effectively  IT6.3 I can explain how and why some people may present 'opinions' as 'facts'; why the popularity of an opinion or the personalities of those promoting it does not necessarily make it true, fair or perhaps even legal  IT6.4 I can describe how some online information can be opinion and can offer examples  IT6.5 I can define the terms 'influence', 'manipulation' and 'persuasion' and explain how someone might encounter these online (e.g. advertising and 'ad targeting' and targeting for fake news)  Privacy and security  IT6.6 I can describe how and why people should keep their software and apps up to date, e.g. auto updates  IT6.7 I can describe simple ways to increase privacy on apps and services that provide privacy settings  IT6.8 I can describe ways in which some online content targets people to gain money or information illegally; I can describe	
<ul> <li>parental warnings) and describe their purpose</li> <li>DC6.10 I can assess and action different strategies to limit the impact of technology on health (e.g. night-shift mode, regular breaks, correct posture, sleep, diet and exercise)</li> </ul>				strategies to help me identify such content (e.g. scams, phishing)  Copyright and ownership  IT6.9 I can demonstrate how to make references to and acknowledge sources I have used from the internet	
Resources: Project Evolve for complete lesson plans on above objectives	Resources: Microsoft Word Microsoft PowerPoint Microsoft Excel	Resources: CS First	Resources: CS First	Resources: Project Evolve for complete lesson plans on above objectives	Resources: Microsoft Word Microsoft PowerPoint Microsoft Excel
Vocabulary: Digital citizen, digital footprint, world wide web, self-Image and identity, online relationships, online reputation, online bullying, health and wellbeing  Linked text: Pretty – Canizales	Vocabulary: Digital literacy, appropriate, relevant, audience, formatting, layout, abstraction, data, sort, filter	Vocabulary: Computer science, computational thinking, algorithm, program, sequence, repeat, loops, conditional, selection, decompose, debugging, abstraction, input, output, unplugged, event blocks, directional language	Vocabulary: Computer science, computational thinking, algorithm, program, sequence, repeat, loops, conditional, selection, variable, decompose, debugging, abstraction, input, output, unplugged, event blocks, directional language	Vocabulary: Information technology, computer networks, internet, world wide web, communication, evaluate, collaboration, search engine, online information, privacy, security, copyright, ownership, cyber-crime  Linked text: Elon: (Musk) – Tracey Turner	Vocabulary: Digital literacy, appropriate, relevant, audience, formatting, layout, abstraction, data, sort, filter